جوردان تاسر يومية سياسية كصدر بالإنجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الأردنية والراي،

Tehran Times: Two hostages to be freed

NICOSIA (AP) — The English-language newspaper Tehran Times says two Western hostages, an American and a Briton, will soon he freed from captivity in Lebanon. A report published Sunday in the English-language captivity in Lebanon. A report published Sunday in the English-language newspaper said the kidnappers "would most probably give priority to a British hostage." The only Briton still held in Lebanon is Anglican Church envoy Terry Waite, who disappeared in Beirul Jan. 20, 1987, while trying to negotiate the release of American hostages. Four Americans are still held hostage by fundamentalists linked to Iran. "Our correspondent reported that the captors of Western hostages will release two Western hostages, one British and one American, on humanitarian grounds," the Times report said. The reassnaper also said that United Nations amount Times report said. The newspaper also said that United Nations envoy Giandomenico PICCO had arrived in Damescus to pursue efforts to end the saga of the foreign captives in Lebanon. U.N. officials in New York confirmed Friday that Mr. Picco had left for the Middle East to pursue efforts to free the hostages, but did not say where exactly he headed for.

Volume 16 Number 4857

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AMMAN SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1991, JUMADEH AL OULA 11, 1412

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

Swedish group uses Iraqi Airways plane

AMMAN (R) — A Swedish relief organisation said Saturday it had used an Iraqi Airways plane to fly supplies from Sweden in the first humanitarian flight allowed the grounded airline since the invasion of Kuwait. The Committee to Save the Children in Iraq said the Boeing 707 flew to Amman from Stockholm on Friday carrying 16.5 tonnes of food, medical equipment and medicine. The supplies left by truck for Iraq Saturday. Iraqi Airways has been grounded since the United Nations imposed wide-ranging sanctions on Baghdad after it invaded Kuwait last year. The relief agency, a coalition of Swedish aid organisations, said the U.N. Sanctions Committee bad approved the use of the Iraqi plane.

Libya assails israel's stand on Golan Heights

NICOSIA (R) — Libya Saturday joined other Arab states in denouncing an Israeli vote to uphold occupation of the Golan Heights and urged the U.N. to apply international law equally to all countries. A Foreign Ministry statement said Libya " strongly denounces and censures this decision." The Israeli parliament passed a draft resolution Monday placing the Golan Heights offlimits in the Middle East peace talks. The statement said Libya supported Syria's right to recover all occupied territory. It called on the world community, "especially the Security Council and the U.N., to shoulder their responsibility of applying the principles of international law to all without any exception.'

French evacuate nationals from north Diibouti

NAIROBI (AP) - The French army Saturday evacuated about 15 French citizens from a village in northern Djibonti where fighting has intensified between government troops and rebel forces. In Paris, a French Foreign Ministry spokesman said there were no plans to evacuate anyone else from the small nation on the Horn of Africa. The spokesman said the French were pulled from the desert town of Tadjourah, 170 kilometres north of Djibouti's

Kuwaitis, foreigners held for fake visas

KUWAIT CITY (AP) - Eight men who planned to sell false work visas to thousands of Asian workers were charged with forgery Saturday, police said. "We arrested them Monday in two apartments with the forged immigration stamps, the docu-ments and 3,000 Kuwaiti dinars they had received as down payments," said Colonel Abdullah Al Fares, head of the criminal evidence department. The eight included two Kuwaitis, five Bangladeshis and a Jordanian. Police said the men were arrested before they could send any forged work vises to their clients, most of them bving in Bangiadesh. It was unclear how much the group would charge for each visa. Col. Fares said the suspects were working on 4.000 visas and were planning to leave the country with large sums of money they thought they would make from "naive workers who would end up in the hands of airport security and immigration intelligence."

Kurdish rebels kili 4. injure 7

ANKARA (AP) — Separatist Kurdish insurgents killed four people and wounded seven others in southeastern Turkey, the semiofficial Anatolia news agency reported Saturday. The guerrillas opened fire on a passenger bus near Sirvan township north of the Iraqi border Friday evening, killing four civilians and wounding seven, the report added. It said the Kurdish separatists torched six vehicles before escaping on foot. The military was reported to have begun an operation in the region to apprehend the assailants. Knrdisb separatist guerrillas have been waging war since 1984 to set up an independent Kurdish state

Sharif Zeid forming government following Masri's resignation

By Nermeen Murad Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Sbarif Zeid Ben Shaker, chief of the Royal Court, has launched intensive consultations with political leaders and parliamentary group representatives in an effort to form a new government after the resignation of Prime Minister Taher Masri, informed sources said Saturday. It was not immediately clear when an official announcement would be made over the appointment of Sharif Zeid as prime minister or when Mr. Masri would actually leave office. An

official statement carried by the

NICOSIA (Agencies) - A pre-

viously unknown group said

Saturday it planted the bomb that

blew up a Pan Am jetliner over

Scotland three years ago, and

denied Lihyan involvement,

Iran's state-run radio reported.

came in a published statement

announcing the existence of the

Revolutionary Arab Brigade

It did not say where the state-

ment was published. Nor did it

provide any details on the group,

It was not clear why the Ira-

nians would want to involve

themselves, however peripheral-

American and Scottish legal

authorities Thursday issued arrest

as Lihvan intelligence agents

allegedly involved in the bombing

of the Bocing 747 over Locker-

bie, Scotland, Dec. 21, 1988, in

Iranian President Hasbemi

Rafsanjani has been striving to

improve relations with the West

and shed the Islamic republic's

reputation as a radical state that

But anti-Western Iranian radic-

als oppose Mr. Rafsanjani's

bridge-building effort and have

frequently called for attacks on

the United States and its allies in

an apparent attempt to discredit

They have seized on the moves

against Libya as evidence that the West cannot be trusted.

Tehran Radio said the group

"rejected American claims con-

cerning Libyan involvement in

that incident as baseless, and

stressed that those allegations are

within the framework of a pre-

arranged Western plot aimed at

compromising the countries of

held by the organisation, Amer-

ica is on the verge of im-

'Based on reliable information

the steadfast Arab front."

has sponsored terrorism.

which 270 people were killed.

ly, in the bombing issue.

including where it was based.

Tehran Radio said the claim

Iran: Non-Libyan group

claims Lockerbie bombing

ported.

night indicated only that the announcement of Mr. Masri's resignation would be made in the next few days. The statement did not name a successor to Mr.

"The decision was taken after an assessment of the internal domestic situation Jordan in general and the cahinet situation in particular," according to the statement, which Petra said was issued by the Council of Ministers after a meeting Saturday.

Well-informed sources said that Mr. Masri officially resigned on Thursday and his government will continue to carry out its duties until Sharif Zeid finalises Jordan News Agency, Petra, last his cabinet.

plementing retaliatory plans

against Libya," the radio re-

The White House said the Un-

ited States was considering re-

taliatory action against Libya and

did not rule out military force.

The United States bombed the

Libyan cities of Tripoli and Ben-

ghazi in April 1986 after a bomb-

ing in Germany that killed an

After the Lockerbie bombing, U.S. officials initially pointed the

finger at the Popular Front for

the Liberation of Palestine -

General Command, headed hy

There was speculation that his

group was hired by Iran to carry

out the bombing as revenge for

the shooting down of an Iran Air

cennes in June 1988. All 290

people aboard the aircraft were

A radical Iranian newspaper,

Jomhuri Islami, Saturday accused

the United States of fabricating

charges against Libya "to secure

to itself the right to embark on

any action against any country

without facing any protest from

"By resorting to such acts, the United States is laying the found-

ation for anarchy in international

relations, to which the world

community cannot remain in-different," the daily said.

Saturday of waging a vendetta against Libya over the bombing.

An Iraqi spokesman, quoted by the Iraq News Agency (INA),

said U.S. charges levelled three years after the bombing of

Flight 103 meant the Bush admi-

nistration wanted to "realise a

certain objective detrimental to.

'Irrespective of the circumst-

ances surrounding the plane inci-

(Continued on page 3)

The Iraqi spokesman said:

Iraq accused the United States

American serviceman.

Ahmad Jibril.

warranted by Mr. Masri's failed attempts to mend fences with parliamentay blocs before the reconvening of the regular session of Parliament in December.

Mr. Masri's differences with parliamentary blocs came to a feverish pitch after 49 parliamentarians signed a petition withdrawing confidence from the government last month. The petition, which constitutionally carriers little weight, was signed by the 23 strong Muslim Brotherhood bloc, the 18-member Constitution Bloc and several independents and some Democratic Bloc members.

According to preliminary reac-

Jordan,



tions from parliamentary blocs Saturday, a new government headed by Sharif Zeid will be able to win the support of a majority in Parliament with a possible toning down of opposition from the Brotherhood Bloc, which refused to join the Masri government.

The Brotherbood contends that it cannot be part of any government which will negotiatie



peace with Israel. Ahmad Qtaish Al Azaideb. spokesman for the Muslim Brotherhood bloc, told the Jordan Times Saturday that the fundamentalist movement remained opposed to peace talks with Israel but its tacit support or opposition to a Sharif Zeid government hinged on enchanced public free-

(Continued on page 5)

Arafat says PLO will press peace efforts

port Middle East peace talks despite a vote by the Israeli parlia-Heights, PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat told diplomats Saturday.

"The Knesset resolution is very dangerous to peace... despite that, we will continue to cooperate with all forces... in order to establish a comprehensive and just settlement," he said.

Mr. Arafat spoke at a reception marking the third anniversary of the proclamation of a Palestinian state. The Knesset adopted a resolu-

was not negotiable. Mr. Arafat said the opening of

an Arab-Israeli conference in Madrid last month was only a first

Great efforts will be needed to make it a success because of the Israeli government's intransigence and the Knesset resolntion," be said.

A PLO spokesman said Saturday that the Palestinian delega-tion to the next round the Middle sume direct talks with the PLO. "If Washington or another

American city becomes the site of the next round of Israeli-Arab negotiations, the Palestinian delegation will not attend until the United States resumes dialogue with the PLO," said Yasser Abed Rabbo, head of the PLO's Information Department.

The site for the next round of negotiations, which began in Madrid last month, has not yet been determined because of differing views among the parties.

Washington has been sugtion Monday saying the strategic Golan, taken from Syria in 1967, in Tunis said he hoped the PLO would be allowed to reopen its office in Washington if the next phase of the Middle East peace process takes place there.

> The office was ordered closed last year when U.S. officials broke off dialogue with the PLO, saying it had failed to punish Mohammad Abbas, then an Executive Committee member, for masterminding a raid on an

"There were no armed ele-

ments (guerrillas) in the village.

Opening fire without knowing

what you are firing at is irres-

ponsible... they have no monopoly in that area," be added.

There was an armed intrusion

into the village near a UNIFIL position and it is (that) position's

duty first of all for its own secur-

ity to find ont what is happening

The dead U.N. soldier, 33-year-old Michael McCarthy, was

the 184th fatality from the 5,800-

strong UNIFIL and the 33rd from

the Irish contingent since the

formation of the force in 1978.

Nations to investigate the killing.

expressed "deep shock" at the

death of the Irish soldier.

Ireland has asked the United

Foreign Minister Gerry Collins

In a statement issued late Fri-

day night, Mr. Collins said he was

arranging an early meeting with

the Israeli ambassador in Lon-

don, who is also accredited to

Ireland, to 'raise this tragic de-

around it," he added.

over killing of peacekeeper

Israel Saturday about the killing of an Irisb soldier with its

in South Lebanon overnight and into Saturday, wounding one

The United Nations Interim Force In Lebanon (UNIFIL) said it had complained to Israeli army officers about the killing of the Irish soldier and the wounding of another after dark in the village

UNIFIL spokesman Timur Goksel said Sonth Lebanon Army (SLA) militiamen fired on a five-man patrol of Irish peacekeepers in their armoured personnel carrier as it returned after monitoring SLA move-

ble for actions of the SLA, which is trained, financed and equipped by the Jewish state.

on Friday an SLA patrol had encountered the Irish U.N. soldiers but could not identify them as peacekeepers as UNIFIL usually does not patrol in the

"The UNIFIL soldiers were in violation of the existing agreements and were patrolling in an area where in the recent past there were several clashes with guerrillas," the source added. Taireh is about two kilometres

Security sourcs said Israeli troops and SLA militiamen fired shells and about 55 mortar bombs at nearby villages from Israel's "security zone" Saturday.

The shells hit the villages of

velonment."

Jabour, Abu Rashid, Yater, Haddata, Kahrikha and 'Ain Al Tineh, where almost all its 2,000 residents fled to the village to Mashghara, the sources said. Three children were killed and

a fourth was badly wounded on Friday by a shell hlast in the village of Zibqin after more than 150 shells hit Iqlim Al Toufah, Nabatiyeh and Tyre districts.

Israel says Ashrawi will not be tried

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Palestinian negotiator Hanan Ashrawi will not face trial for her alleged meetings with Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) officials, an Israeli eahinet minister said

Saturday. Police have recommended that the government prosecute Dr. Ashrawi, one of the best-known Palestinian activists, for the offence, which carries a maximum three-year jail sentence in Israel.

News of the recommendation came Friday. The move was condemned by Palestinian leaders and liberal Israelis as harmful for the delicate U.S.-sponsored Mid-

dle East peace process.

The leak from the investigation, which was started long before last month's peace talks in Madrid, appeared to embarrass government officials, who refused to confirm reports on the file's contents.

On Saturday, Health Minister Ehnd Olmert, of the raling hardline Likud Bloc, labelled the recommendation "wrong from the point of view of timing, and also not practical."

"It's of the kind of things that are said, hut not done," said Mr. Olmert, who is close to Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir.

Speaking on Israel army radio, Mr. Olmert indicated that attention given to the recommendation was harmful in itself.

"In the end, Ashrawi will not be put on trial. And since this will not happen, it's better not to declare things that should not take place. The ball is now transferred from the police to someone who will use wider considerations," he said.

According to Israeli reports, state attorney Dorit Beinish willdecide next week whether to file

charges against Dr. Ashrawi. Mr. Olmert explained that "to a large extent, we identify her (Dr. Ashrawi) with the PLO, and that was the reason why we didn't want her to be on the Palestinian delegation to Madrid. Should we

try her for meeting with herself?"
He added that the law was vague regarding the question of PLO supporters meeting with the organisation's officials.

Dr. Ashrawi, 45 is an articulate

English literature professor at the occupied West Bank's Bir Zeit University.

She has met frequently with U.S. Secretary of State James Baker and was a top adviser to the Palestinian delegation in

Madrid. Dr. Ashrawi gained international prominence as the group's spokesperson and was seen on television worldwide while outlining the Palestinian position.

She and anothter top Palestinian adviser, Faisal Husseini. public point of view, from the have repeatedly said they are guided by the PLO, but have denied meeting with senior PLO officials. They were questioned twice by police concerning allegations they met with PLO leaders

abroad last summer, Israel bans meetings with groups it considers to be "terrorist" organisations, including the

Dr. Ashrawi herself called the recommendation petty and ac-cused Israel of trying to obstruct the peace process. "It has to be viewed in the

context of all Israeli practices and

(Continued on page 5)

Mustafa Khalil advises peace negotiators to use Israeli tactics

CAIRO (Agencies) - A veteran Jewish state. of Egypt's peace talks with Israel in 1979 has advised the new generation of Arah negotiators to use the same tactics as the Israelis be well-briefed and extremely po-

"He (the Arab negotiator) should use (with the Israeli) his own method — be utterly calm and extremely polite in the way he talks," Mustafa Khalil, Egyptian prime minister from 1978 to 1980, told October magazine in an interview published on Satur-

Arah delegations opened direct talks with Israel in Madrid two weeks ago.

Mr. Khalil said the Egyptians prepared for their peace talks by setting up teams of experts to play the role of the Israelis against their own government. "We used to leave these ex-

perts complete freedom to express their points of view so that after a short time, they began to say roughly the same thing that we would later hear from the Israelis," Mr. Khalil said.

He warned Arabs not to be provoked by Israeli statements outside the conference hall. The Israelis know we pay too

much attention to statements they make and that very often we think with our emotions... I call on the Arab negotiators to ignore these statements," Mr. Khalil Talks between Israel and Egypt

appeared blocked several times before they culminated in a treaty in March 1979, 16 months after the late Egyptian President Anwar Sadat offered peace to the

A top aide to Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir said Saturday that Israel would not allow the formation of a Palestinian state in its occupied territor-

The chief of Mr. Shamir's staff, Yossi Ben-Aharon, said it was too early to discuss final arrangments between Israel and the Palestinians, hnt be ruled out an independent state.

"This government has clearly declared that it will not permit any kind of sovereignty west of the River Jordan," said Mr. Ben-Aharon.

"In other words there will be no Palestinian state in Palestine west of the River Jordan under any circumstances," he told Israel

Israelis and Palestinians have agreed that the peace talks launched in Madrid last month will focus on an interim five-year period in which Arah residents of the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip will be given auton-

In the third year of autonomy, negotiations will begin on the final status of the area.

Palestinians hope to form an independent state in the occupied territories with East Jerusalem as its capital.

Syrian President Hafez Al Assad Friday declared a "battle for peace" in the Middle East that he said should lead to ending Israeli occupation of Arab lands and easing regional tensions.

The remarks came in a state-

(Continued on page 5)

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Human rights group accuses allies of violating laws of war NICOSIA (Agencies) -- A New tained by Iraqi civilians from

fraternal Libya."

York-based human rights group says the United States and its allies committed serious violations of the laws of war during Operation Desert Storm, causing needless civilian deaths before the liberation of Kuwait last

February. Middle East Watch, in a report released Sunday, criticised allies' selection of targets, timing of air strikes and the choice of weapons in attacks on urban areas.

The 402-page document, entitled "Needless Deaths," said damage inflicted on public installations during the month-long allied air campaign transformed Iraq from "a modern, energy dependent society into ... a preindustrial age."

The report also faulted the illies for the silence they maintained about civilian casualties in

Iraq.
Despite persuasive evidence of the messy human dimensions of the bombing campaign, specific damage and casualties sus-

allied bomh and missile attacks have barely been noted by the Pentagon," Middle East Watch noted.

Middle East Watch said its document was meant "to break through this carefully constructed image of a near-flawless allied

But it also contained harsh criticism of Iraq's "illegal reprisals," noting the indiscriminate missile attacks against population centres in Sandi Arabia and Middle East Watch said its

findings were primarily based on interviews conducted witb. "scores of Iraq residents of va-rious nationalities who had fied the aerial bombardment for safety in Jordan." Most of these were Asians or Africans.

The report evaluated allied conduct under the laws of war, primarily the standards stipulated by the First Additional Protocol of 1977 to the 1949 Geneva Conven-

air superiority and the precision of their weaponry had provided an "exceptional opportunity" to conduct the bombing campaign with scrupulous care to avoid civilian casualties and comply with legal requirements.

But the shortcomings, Middle East Watch said, "appear to have involved deliberate decisions by allied commanders to take less than the maximum feasible precautions necessary to avoid harm to civilians."

One shortcoming, it said, "arose in the allied choice of the time of day to execute certain attacks in urban areas." It listed day time attacks on bridges, an underwear manufacturing plant and an oil-storage tank in which hundreds of civilians were killed.

The allies deployed "unguided bombs," although they possessed "smart bombs" known for up to 90 per cent precision, the report

(Continued on page 3)

Syria to draw up TUNIS (Agencies) — The East peace talks will not attend unless Washington agrees to reaction plan' tion (PLO) will continue to sup-By a Jordan Times ment rejecting any withdrawal from the ocenpied Golan Reporter

AMMAN — Jordan and Syria have agreed to work together towards drawing up "an action plan" to be adopted by all Arab parties to the Arab-Israeli peace negotiations to cirenmvent "Israeli attempts to undermine the peace process," a Jordanian. minister said Sunday.

there was "a total convergence in views (between Jordan and Syria) on the basic issues." He said further bilateral meetings would be held in Amman soon" to discuss procedural issues

in his programme, the sources

Speaking after what he de-

scribed as "friendly and lengthy" talks with Syrian Foreign Minister Faroug Al Sharaa in Damascus, Tonrism and Antiquities Minister Abdul Karim Al Kabariti said the two sides had "a frank and objective discussion of issues awaiting Arah parties to the peace negotiations."

In a telephone interview from Damascus, Mr. Kahariti said

and other details... aimed at drawing up an action plan agreed upon by all concerned Arab par-

aa Saturday without any change

Mr. Kabariti, who returns home Sunday, Thursday deli-vered a message to Syrian Prime Minister Mahmoud Zon'bi from Jordanian Premier Taher Masri.

He also met with Syria's planning and tourism ministers Saturday. According to informed sources, Mr. Kabariti's talks in Damascus were not disrupted by the reported resignation of Mr. Masri's government. The minister was asked to go ahead with his scheduled meeting with Mr. Shar-

U.N. protests to Israel TYRE, Lebanon (Agencies) — The United Nations protested to out UNIFIL's right to patrol in its zone, which overlaps Israel's selfdeclared "security zone."

peacekeeping force in southern Israel and its Lebanese militia allies, meanwhile, shelled villages

woman civilian, security sources

of Tairch Friday.

ments. The Israeli argument about what happened was "totally unconvincing," be added.

Israel claims it is not responsi-

An Israeb military source said

inside the Israeli zone. But Mr. Goksel said there were no agreements with the SLA ab-

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Truce holds as Kurds and Iraq near agreement

ZAKHO, Iraq (Agencies) — Guns are silent for the first time in nearly two weeks in northern Iraq as a fragile truce is holding after renewed fighting between Kurdish rebels and Iraqi troops. But an incideot Thursday night in this northern Iraqi town of 20,000 was an a omen of bloody account settling as Iraq and the rebeis edged towards an accom-

modation with the onset of win-

· Two rebels were killed and three others wounded in their car by two gunmen firing from a speeding auto in front of the allied military coordination centre. The centre keeps a watch on northern Iraq following the with-drawal of a U.S.-led Western

force four months ago. A Kurdish military commander in Zakho, Nazar Barzanji, played down the shooting, saying it was a family feud. But another Kurdish official, who did not want to be named, said one of the victims was a former member of the Iraqi secret police. .

The incideot came on the eve of the implementation of an agreement reached earlier in the week between the Iraqi government and the Kurdistan Front, an alliance of eight rebel groups. Kurdish television said the agreement was to go into effect Satur-

Anwar Rashid, a Kurdish official, said that under the agreement, the rehels, known as the Feshmerga, would move five kilometres out of northern Iraqi cities. Iraqi troops, secret police and the ruling Baath Party would still barred from the cities but government officials and ordinary police would come in.

The Peshmerga took control of the cities after a 12,000-strong, U.S.-led Western forces moved into northern Iraq to enable the return of about 1,5 millioo Kurds who fled to Turkey and Iran after their rebellion in March was crushed by the army.

The Western force withdrew to Turkey in July and oow it is limited to 48 warplanes patrolling the Iraqi skies north of the 36th parallel

During the past two weeks, several Kurdish villages came uoder mortar fire or helicopter attacks, and the truce was brittle. There were clashes as late as Thursday, when Mr. Rashid said

MOSCOW (R) - Ground-

breaking talks between Afghan

rebels and the Soviet Union en-

ded with the rebels promising to

release some Soviet prisoners of

war and Moscow pledging to

withdraw military experts helping

The two sides, enemies for 13

years of often savage conflict,

also agreed to set up a joint

commission to promote further

A joiot eight-point statement

issued Friday evening after five

days of talks began with a denun-

ciation of the "unconstitutional"

Soviet military intervention of

1979, ended nine years later by

Rebel delegation head Burha-

nuddin Rahbani told reporters

the first direct Mujahedeen-

Soviet peace talks had been "a

useful start." Three radical rebel

groups boyeotted the talks

a call for establishment of an

interim government to oversee

elections, as recommended by the

United Nations. But the state-

ment referred to "an ioterim Isla-

The joint statement reiterated

President Mikhail Gorbachev.

the government.

negotiations

the village of Topzawa, between Irbil and Mosul, had come under

Iraqi mortar fire. U.S. Army Colonel Dick Naab, the senior allied officer at the military coordination centre, said the situation appeared to be calming down.

In return for the Peshmerga withdrawal from towns, the Iraqi government agreed to lift its economic hlockade of the Kurdish area. The blockade had caused acute food and fuel shortages and left thousands of government employees without salaries.

On Friday, the gasoline stations in Zakho were still closed. In the old market of Zakho, there is a lucrative trade in Western relief supplies rushed in during the exodus. Offered for sale are U.S. camouflage raincoats, jackets, shoes and other items of

Cans of powdered milk, some marked with Kuwaiti labels, and tea or vegetable oil coming from Turkey cost 10 times what they used to before the war.

State-subsidised staples such as sugar and rice provided by the Baghdad government have been halved since the start of the hlockade, according to Kurdish officials.

The autonomy talks beld since April have bogged down over Kurdish claims on the size of a Kurdish zone and whether it would include the oil centre of Kirkuk. There are also disagreements among Kurds over whether Baghdad would live up to any

autonomy agreement. Kurdish rehel leader Massoud Barzani says lawlessness has become problem in Iraqi Kurdistan. Mr. Barzaoi hlames the

breakup of traditional Kurdish

communities and rivalry between different rebel groups. The Kurdish Democratic Party (KDP) chief says it is a question Kurds have to resolve as part of their efforts to wring a oew

"We Kurds are a law-abiding people but there is a growing lack of respect for aothority here," he told Reuters.

autonomy deal from the govern-

"People lost their independence, their traditional values, their identity," he said, denouncing past Iraqi government policy of forcibly relocating hundreds of

Afghan rebels conclude

government has long dropped all

association with communism and

sought to portray its leaders as

good Muslims. But the "Islamie" label has been a constant half-

mark of the rebels, whose main

parties portray their struggle as

one between the forces of Islam

Russian Vice-President Alex-

ander Rutskoi, who met the rebel

team for a second time just be-

fore their departure for Saudi

Arabia Friday night, denied to

reporters that there was any sig-

Soviet Deputy Foreign Minis-

ter Alexander Byelongov like-

wise stressed to TASS news agen-

cy that the reference to an interim

government was in accordance

While the need for an interim

government is broadly accepted,

the rebels refuse to countenance

any role in it for Mr. Naiibullah.

The former secret police chief

says be is ready for negotiations

The Kremlin backed its former

protege in this, but recently indi-

cated it might be prepared to see

him step down. Further evidence

with the U.N. proposals.

but refuses to step down.

Afghan President Najibullah's of fading support came in the

nificance in the term.

landmark discussions

and atheism.

The process created conditions ripe for deviant behaviour. Eight Kurdish political parties are backed by guerrilla armies in northern Iraq. The largest has several bundred thousand armed men, the smallest a few hundred.

Peshmergas mix with armed civilians on city streets. With the Peshmerga uniform a suit of traditional Kurdish clothes, it is difficult even for Kurds to distinguish a guerrilla soldier from a civilian carrying a Kalashnikov automatic rifle.

City police are often challenged and intimidated by armed men whose affiliations are unknown. Political assassination, car theft and burglary have become commonplace.

Kurdish leaders admit that Peshmerga have been responsible for some of these incidents.

Kurdish political parties do discipline their own members, sometimes harshly. But they are reluctant to go after other parties' members, no matter what the offence, for fear of sparking civil

"Kurds are feeling a lot of freedom now, but it is freedom without law. People are killing and stealing because they can get away with it," said Shalaw Ali Askari, an advisor to Jalal Talabani. Kurdistan's other major political leader.

The murder of two Iraqi soldiers hy unknown assailants on the edge of Erbil recently led government forces to shell the city. One civilian was killed and

But the massacre of 60 Iraqi soldiers who bad surrendered during fighting in the city of Sulaimaniyeh on Oct. 7 added urgency to the issue of law and order for Kurdish leaders.

Investigations suggest members of several political parties were involved. Both Mr. Barzani and Mr. Talabani have promised that the culprits will be caught and nunished. Mr. Barzani says that while

political pluralism is a good thing the Kurds face a major challenge in the lawlessne

"The issue is whether we can control our society, whether we can provide security to our people. They must be safe from the thousands of Kurds from tradi-tional villages to specially-built from Kurdish forces."

statement's use of the word "Mu-

jahedeen" to describe the rebels.

regime" for Mr. Najibullah's gov-

erameot. Mr. Rutskoi said this

wording had been the choice of

the rehels and io the cootext

referred only to their viewpoint.

the relations which exist in-

side Afghanistan have to be re-

viewed, because the bloodshed

He stressed that Moscow

would not ioterfere again and the

make-up of the interim govern-

ment was the Afghans' business.
The rehels' delegation leader

said be interpreted the joint state-

ment as acceptance by Moscow of

the rebel argument that all

Afghan governments since the

leftist revolution of 1978 had

Moscow had already pledged

Mr. Rutskoi said he had

already ordered a halt, especially

of the devastating Scud missiles.

His writ, bowever, runs only in

the Russian Republic and it was

not immediately clear whether he

had the authority over supplies

esterday's high temperatures: Am-nan 25, Aqaba 29, Humidity readings: Amman 29 per cent, Aqaba 28 per

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

from the Soviet government.

to stop all arms supplies to Kabul

been imposed from ontside.

just cannot go on," he said.

"It is obvious to everyone that

It also used the phrase "Kabul

Bush vows continued U.S. forces

in Mideast

Nusseibeh advocates

olive-branch strategy

on the one hand, but you also

have to show there is an

opportunity of real peace

Dr. Nusseibeh and other

Palestinian activists have

formed a committee to

mobilise grassroots support

for what be calls the "olive-

branch strategy" towards the

Israelis. That does not mean

ending the four-year Palesti-

nian uprising, he said, but

emphasising non-violent re-

sistance to Israeli occupation.

sponsored peace talks got

under way, Dr. Nusseibeh

joined a march in the West

Bank town of Ramailah.

Several thousands Palesti-

nians carried olive hranches

and chanted slogans support-

ing peace as well as an inde-

Dr. Nusseibeb said be

hopes to organise a joint

peace march by Israelis and

Palestinians in occupied Jeru-

salem when be returns home

Dr. Nusseibeh was io New

York on Friday to address a

function attended by about

50 prominent media figures

and Jewish leaders. It was

sponsored by the U.S. branch

of the Tel Aviv-based Inter-

national Centre for Peace in

the Middle East, which has

tried to bridge the gulf be-tween Israelis and Palesti-

Dr. Nusseibeb, 42, a phi-

pendent state.

from a U.S. visit.

After the U.S. and Soviet-

with benefits to gain.

towards Israelis

NEW YORK (AP) — A prominent Palestinian mod-

erate said Friday that his

fellow Palestinians should

work to convince Israelis they

have more to gain than lose from peace and should vote

out their current righ-wing

Sari Nusseibeb, an adviser

to the Palestinian negotiating

team, said the key to the

outcome of the peace talks

that began last month in

Madrid will be the next

Israeli elections, which must

be held by November 1992.

Dr. Nusseibeh sees little

chance for the peace talks to

succeed as long as Prime Minster Yitzbak Sbamir's

right-wing government —

flatly opposed to any return

of territories occupied in the

1967 war - remains in pow-

"The Palestinians need...

to help the Israeli voter make

the right decision when the

critical moment comes," Dr.

Nusseibeh said in an inter-

view with the Associated

Press. 'The Israeli voter is

going to determine whether

we go towards peace or con-

Dr. Nusseibeh said it is

also important for the inter-

national community to apply

pressure to Israel during the

This, he said, would de-

monstrate to Israeli voters

the costs of refusing to make

"There has to be pressure

concessions for peace.

tinued conflict.

peace process.

WASHINGTON (AP) - President George Bush accused Iraq Friday of continuing to defy U.N. resolutions by coocealing weapons, failing to return all Kowaiti detainees and violating Kuwait's northern border to retrieve equipment.

Mr. Bush told Congress the United States would "continue to maintain an appropriate level of forces in the region for as long as required by the situation in Iraq.'

About 30,000 U.S. troops remain in the Gulf area, including those oo warships and those participating in a refugee protection programme for Kurds in Turkey.

The presideot's accusations came in his monthly report to House of Representatives and Seoate leaders on the status of Iraqi compliance with the ceasefire resolutions adopted at the end of the Gulf war.

"Iraq has continued to use concealment, deception and denial of unrestricted access to prevent or inhibit U.N. inspections. Despite these efforts, the U.S. teams have uncovered additional evidence of these weapons systems," Mr. Bush said in his letter.

Mr. Busb cited "unamabiguous evidence that Iraq had a comprehensive programme, with a very large technical work force and infrastructure, to design and build nuclear weapons."

Mr. Bush said 60 long-range Iraqi missiles have been destroyed by U.N. inspectors "but we bave reason to believe that several bundred others remain unaccounted for and unacknowledged by Iraq."

The president also told Congress be was concerned that "Iraq has not yet carried out its obligations... to return all detained Kuwaiti and third-country nation-

losophy professor, directs a tlemeots and the status of research centre in Arah East **Kuwait eases boycott of**

firms dealing with Israel KUWAIT (R) - Kuwait has which hans any dealing with relaxed its boycott of Western companies dealing with Israel hoping to attract more tenders for post-Gulf war reconstruction. according to a senior official.

Ibrahim Al Ghanem, directorgeneral of customs and excise, said Kuwait had "eased its boycott regulations and restrictions to remove a stumbling block in its cooperation with American and Western companies."

Diplomats said the emirate had not completely lifted the restrictions. But companies bidding for contracts under Kuwait's war recovery drive would no longer face too many searching questions about commercial ties with the Jew-

"There has been a de facto loosening of the diligence with which Kowait applies the Arab-Israeli hoycott measures," a Western diplomat told Reuters. They no longer feel the oeed to take it seriously."

Mr. Ghanem, who also heads Kuwait's Arah Boycott of Israel Office, said firms with Israeli capital were still barred.

The Kuwaiti anthorities are cautious. They don't want to find themselves in a political dilemma," Mr. Ghanem said.

Hundreds of Western companies have been seeking lucrative reconstruction contracts in Kowait since a U.S.-led Western and Arab alliance liberated the emirate from seven months of Iraqi occupation in February.

But under rules issued by the Damascus-based boycott office an affiliate of the 21-member Arab League - members are required to ban any dealings with companies that have commercial inks to Israel.

Thousands of companies have figured on the Arab blacklist. established in the 1950s and changed from time to time.

There is a primary boycott

Israeli companies or firms supported by Israeli capital and a secondary hoycott related to firms regarded as actively sustaining the Jewish state's economy or its war machine through direct The world's leading industrial

former Jordanian defeoce

In 1986, Dr. Nusseibeh was

severely beaten by a group of

Palestinian militants after de-

livering a lecture on toler-

for three months without

charge during the Gulf war

hy Israeli anthorities oo

suspicion of being an Iraqi

During his detention, Dr.

Nusseibeh put the finishing

touches on a book that he

co-authored with Mark Hel-

ler,a Canadian-born Israeli

The book, "No Trumpet, No Drums: A Two-State Set-

tlement of the Israeli-

Palestinian Conflict," offers a

joint hlueprint for a peace

In the book, being pub-lished in Hebrew and Arabic

editions, the two scholars

worked out solutions to such

problems as security arrange-

ments, refugees, Jewish set-

defence analyst.

Early in 1991, he was jailed

nations have pushed for a suspension of the eotire hlacklisting system in return for an Israeli freeze on Jewish settlements in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip. Israel's right-wing government

is pressing on with its settlements policy in spite of Middle East peace talks. But Kowait has been urging its Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) partners to relax the secondary boycott rules to "pay back some of the favour" owed to the Western allies who fought Iraq.

Mr. Ghaoem said: "The boycott of Israel will remain as it is. It is linked to the peace settlement. Ending the boycott is an important card which will be used as an inceotive to push the peace

Kuwait softened its bard line towards Israel after the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) backed Iraq during its occupation of the emirate. The PLO's support enraged Kuwait and other Gulf states, which cut off aid in retaliation.

Echoing the conciliatory attitude towards the Jewish state, columnist Sheikh Ali Jaber Al Ali Al Sabah, a member of the ruling family and marketing director of Kuwait Petroleum Corporation, urged the emirate to make peace with Israel.

"Why do we continue to hold enemity and hostility for those who indirectly stood with us in our crisis?" he asked io an editorial published io Al Siyassah newspaper last week.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

Chinese premier meets with Kuwaiti emir

PEKING (AP) — The emir of Kuwait on Saturday thanked Chinese Premier Li Peng for China's support of international efforts to end Iraq's occupation of the emirate. The emir, Sheikh Jaber Ahmad Al Sabah, was scheduled to meet Communist Party General Secretary Jiang Zemin. Kuwaiti officialls said the emir will depart Peking on Sunday for a visit to Moscow. Mr. Li extended a warm welcome to the emir during their meeting at the Great Hall of the People, the seat of China's government. During a photo session before holding private talks, the emir told Mr. Li the people of Kuwait appreciated China's support of "international legitimacy" during the Gulf crisis. Mr. Li said it was an important accomplishment that firefighters have extinguished the fires at all oil wells in Kuwait that were set ablaze during the Gulf war. Chinese firefighters were among the teams from around the world that worked to put out the fires in Kuwait. The state-run Xinhua News Agency reported from Kuwait City that the Chinese firefighters departed for home Friday after completing their work in Kuwait. The emir's two-day visit to Peking is his second trip to China in less than a year, reflecting Chinese interest in developing strong ties in the Middle East and Kuwait's desire to enhance relations with countries that have clout in the United Nations.

Kuwait container port regains full capacity

SHUAIBA, Knwait (AP) — A ceremony Saturday marked completion of repairs to Kuwait's main container port, restoring it to full operations for the first time since the Gulf war. "Shuaiba container terminal has regained its former operatiog efficiency, with greater capacity and a greater determination to bring back to life the commercial sector of this country through this vital artery, said Abdul Rahman Al Nibari, director general of the emirate's public ports authority. Mr. Nibari said the port was partly activated in March shortly after the liberation of the emirate hy U.S.-led coalition forces, to receive equipment needed to fight oil well fires. He said it cost \$10 million to \$15 million to replace the port's handling equipment and clear away sunken ships and unexploded

Bandar gives \$100,000 gift to U.S. trooper

FARMINGTON. Connecticut (AP) — A Connecticut comple got the whole fairy tale Friday when a Sandi prince gave them a wedding gift of \$100,000. Robert Snow, a staff sergeant in the Connecticut national guard, suffered serious injuries in an explosioo while serving in the Gulf war in March. As he lay wounded in a Washington, D.C. hospital bed, he shared his dreams for the future with a new friend. Prince Bandar Ben Sultan, the Saudi ambassador to the United States. Sgt. Soow, 29, had undergone more surgery than any other wounded Gulf veteran, undergoing 22 operations to reconstruct bones and make skin and bone crafts as a result of baving his left arm shattered in an explosion. Prince Bandar was in the same hospital with a bad back. What Set. Snow did not realise was that Prince Bandar planned to help him make his dreams come true. "I oever expected it. We were completely floored," Sgt. Snow said after Prince Bandar whisked into Connecticut and handed the couple a \$100,000 cheque just before their wedding reception.

U.S. asks india not to make iran nuclear deal

WASHINGTON (R) - The United States has asked India not to go ahead with a reported plan to supply a nuclear research reactor to Iran, the State Department said Friday. Deputy spokesman Richard Boucher said Assistant Secretary of State Edward Djerejian raised the issue with India's ambassador on Thursday and Friday. "The United States has urged all ouclear supplier countries, including India, to avoid any form of nuclear cooperation with Iran, even under safeguards, because there is not adequate evidence that Iran is genuinely committed to the exclusively peaceful uses of nuclear energy," Mr. Boucher said. He said the government was aware from press report about the possibility of a deal between India and Iran. Mr. Boucher ooted there have been recent public statements by Iranian officials that call into question the sincerity of Iran's commitment to the Non-Proliferation Treaty and raise the possibility that Iran might misuse civilian nuclear

Libva bans hiring of most foreign workers

ROME (AP) - Libya Friday announced it has banned the hiring of most foreign workers and will require most of those already in the country to leave when their contracts expire. Libyan radio said the ban, which excludes Palestinians and certain specialists such as doctors and teachers, came in a decree issued by Vocational Training Minister Matuq Mohammad Mutuq. The announced ban falls short of the order by Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi that led to the mass expulsion of thousands of foreign workers in 1985 who refused to accept Libyan citizenship. Those expulsions: which also excluded Palestinians, raised tensions between Libya and its Arab neighbours. For the last few years, Libya has been trying to mend fences with its neighbours, opening the borders with Tunisia and Egypt. Libyan radio did not cite the reasons for the new ban oo hiring or rehiring foreign workers. It said the ban excloded teachers at universities and other institutions of higher learning, doctors, specialists in all medical fields, ourses who deal with contagious diseases, science teachers in intermediate schools, accountancy experts and computer programmers. The radio said that under the decree foreign workers not exempted could complete their current contracts but there was no possibility of renewing them.

Kuwait bank setties West Virginia ciaim

CHARLESTON (AP) - The Kuwait Asia Bank has reached a settlement in a bank case that will permit a Logan county woman to keep about \$88,000, the woman's lawyer said Friday. Elleen L. Charcandy reached the settlement with the bank Thursday, said ber lawyer, Elliot Hicks. Eleven other people remain as defendants in the civil suit, Mr. Hicks said. The bank, however, will recoup more than \$300,000 in cash and cashier's cheques, plus two 1991 automobiles Ms. Charcandy purchased, Mr. Hicks said, Knwait Asia Bank sued Ms. Charcandy earlier this year after discovering that bank employees had wired a total of about \$450,000 to a West Virginia bank io July for her.

JORDAN TELEVISION

mie government."

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FEOG	RAMME TWO
7.70	Les Badaboks
17:59	La culture en chantiers
13:15	L'ecole des fans
19:60	News in French
	Carnet de notes
	News in Hebrew
	News in Arabic
	Golden Girls
22:00	
	News in English
22:20	This Man, This Worzen
	CZAVER TIMES
	C. Date & Many of Chapters

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De la Salle Charch Tel. 661757 Church 623541. 771331 dox Church Tel. 771751 685376

WEATHER

The Church of Jenus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 823824, 654932. Church of the Nazarene tel. 675691.

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will be southeasterly moderate. L
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EMERGENCIES

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Blood Bank	77512	ñ
Highway Police	9434	77
Traffic Police	2067	ñ
Public Security Department		
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Price Complaints	6611	ñ
Water and Sewerage		
Complaints	2074	57
Amman Municipality		••
Complaints	78711	11
Complaints		•••
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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

light Information 08-53200 en Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200 HOSPITALS

AMMAN:	
Hussein Medical Centre	\$13813/32
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amo	644281/6
Akileh Maternity, J. Ams.	647441/2
Jabai Amman Maternity	647767
Maihas, J. Amman	676140
Delegies Charles	6641714
Palestine, Shmeisani	0041/1/4
Shmeisani Hospital	669131
University Hospital	845845
Al-Mussher Hospital	667227/9
The Islamic, Abdeli	666127/37
Al-Ahli, Abdali	664164/6
Italian, Al-Muhajreen	777101/3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh	77511106
Army, Marka	
O AF II	47101111
Queen Alia Hospital	002240/50
Amal Hospital	674155
ZARQAI	
Zaroz Govt. Hospital	(09)983323
Zarqa Govt. Hospital Zarqa National Hospital	1001000560
The Sine Hospital	001006232
100 3am radpice	(07)700/32

TRBID: Princess Basma Hospital ... (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn AJ Nafecs Hospital (02)247100

FOR THE TRAVELLER OLIFEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Oueen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified.

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

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19:34 19:55	Jeddah Agaba Dubai, Abu Dubai Doha, Bahrain Beirat	(R (R
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10:55	Kunia Lumpur Singapore (
16:30 .	Kuala Lumpur Singapore (
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35	Beirut (MI
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(Terminal 1)

:15	Beirut	Œ N
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	16:86 Moscow (SU)
	19:12 Larraca (CY)
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	MARKET PRICES
	Upperflower price in file per kg.
	Apple
	Вапала 500 / 450
	Banana (Mukammar) 550 / 500
	Beans 850 / 650
	Cabbage 160 / 120
•	Casliflower 220/ 170
	Cucumbers (large)
	Cucumbers (small) 360 / 320
•	Egyplant
	Garlic 800 / 700
	Grapes 900 / 809 -
)	Guava 500 / 400
)	Lemon 180 / 120
	Marrow (large) 160 / 120
!	MINITOW (Small) 350 / 300
)	Okra 850 / 750
1	Omog (dry) 170 / 170
	Pepper (hot) 320 / 260
	Pepper (sweet) 458 / 400
!	Potato 300 / 250
	Sage 600 / 500
	Spinach
1	270 / 230
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Mounting debts drive woman to Stile & Suicide

AMMAN (J.T.) — A 40-year-old woman from Jabal Luweibdeh committed suicide Friday evening after swallowing a large amount of medicine, and sources close to the bereaved family said that she was under severe stress because of mounting debts. Samira Abu Ghazaleh swal-

lowed the medicine after being informed that she was wanted by the police following numerous complaints by citizens that she had issued cheques that bounced due to lack of sufficient bank deposits, according to the sources.

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RICES

Ms. Abu Ghazaleh had borrowed large sums of money and given cheques without having any bank deposits because she had lost most of the money in business, the sources added.

Police sources said that a great number of people had entrusted their savings with Ms. Abu Ghazaleh, who conducted various types of businesses and shared with them the profits. Once the debts accumulated and people started demanding their savings back, Ms. Abu Ghazaleh found no way of coping with the situation except by committing suicide, said these sources, who preferred anonymity

One of the creditors told the Jordan Times that he had given Ms. Abu Ghazaleh \$5000 in cash one week before her death in exchange for a cheque to be cashed in 12 days. Later, the cheque bounced, he said.

Some sources estimated the total amount of Ms. Abu Ghazaleh's debt to be JD 500,000, but there was no confirmation as to Clear the amount from police.

Following her death, the police sealed her home and took away SEARCE all documents and papers that might shed light on her activities and business operations. Police sources said that the dying woman was rushed to hospital for stomach pumping to no avail.

The police were reported to be holding widescale investigations into the case.

Group claims Pan Am blast

(Continued from page 1)

dent, we cannot isolate this U.S. cooduct from the policy being pursued by the U.S. administration to terrorise countries in order to silence them."

Britain will make a formal request to Libya Sunday for the extraditioo of the two meo charged with the bombing, a diplomat in Tripoli said. A Western diplomat contacted

by telephone from Tunis on Saturday said Britain would make its approach through the Italian embassy in Tripoli, which represents British interests.

The two Libvans were named as Abdul Baset Ali Mohamad Al Megrahi, 39, chief of the Libvan intelligeoce agency's airlice security section, and Al Amin Khalifa Fhimah, 35, an intelligence agent who worked for Libyan airlines in Malta.

The diplomat said Libyan state new media had not mentioned the charges and there was no sign of the anti-Western demonstrations in Tripoli that have accompanied past U.S. or British criticism of Libya.

Neither Britain nor the United States has an extradition treaty with Libya. Britain cut ties in 1984 after a British policewoman was shot dead ontside the Libyan embassy in London.

Libya denied Friday that it was behind the bombing of Flight 103. It challenged the United States and Britain to prove their accusation in an impartial international

In Lebanon, a statement by a Turning to the allies' choice of previously unknown group using a similar name to that mentioned

by Tehran radio later claimed it was responsible for the bombing. Among the targets listed in the The Arab Revolutionary Brigade claimed responsibility in 1985 for two bomh attacks at cafes in Kuwait in which 11 people died and 89 others wounded.

In 1983. it claimed responsibility for the killing of two Jordanian embassy employees in Madrid. The group also said it had killed Israeli diplomat Yacov Barsimantov in Paris in 1982 and planted a bomb that caused a Gulf Air jetliner to crash near Abu Dhabi the same year. The

military's ability to communicate and had an effect on war-related production. But, "the cost to the United Arab Emirates never concivilian population ... was sefirmed that sabotage was in-

volved in the explosion. In the southern Lebanese city of Sidon, a caller claiming to speak for the hitherto unknown Arah Revolutinn Brigades-Foreign Sphere-Lebanon branch said the group was behind the Pan Am 103 bombing.



University displaying photographs of King Hussein's achievements

AMMAN (J.T.) — A three day exhibitioo marking His Majesty King Hussein's birthday opened at the University of Jordan Saturday, displaying a large collection of photographs about the Jordanian military and activities of members of the Royal family.

The main features of the exhibition are photos depicting King Hussein's different stages of life and activities as well as his political meetings with heads of Arab and foreign nations. Alsn nn display are photographs of military equipmeot depicting the development of the Jnrdanian Armed Forces. The three day exhibitinn, which was opened by University President Fawzi Gharaibeh, displays a set of documentary films and video cassettes featuring development in Jordan under King

Dr. Gharaibeh also opened an exhibition of the works nf university students. On display

are plastic art, sculpture, artificial flowers and others.

Armed Forces brass bands toured various parts of the campus at the University of Jordan playing music on the occasion as students held folkloric dances and songs marking the King's hirthday.

Sunday, the university will organise a tatoo of the retreat march organised by the Armed Forces, with the hrass band playing martial music.

Special fund created to be used to promote tourism

AMMAN (J.T.) — A committee set up by the Ministry of Tourism to stimulate the tourism industry in Jordan has decided to create a special fund to spend on the process of promoting tourism and marketiog Jordan abroad, according to an announcement by ministry Secretary-General Nasri

The private sector will provide most of the monies for the fund, which will be placed under the supervision of a council chaired by the minister of tourism, said Mr. Atallah in an interview with the Jordan News Agency, Petra. The private sector will be rep-

resented through tour operators and members representing the hotels and tourist and travel offices as well as Royal Jordanian (RJ), the national air carrier and the Jordan Express Tourist and Transport Company (JETT), Mr. Atallah said.

So far, the Ministry of Tourism had been spearheading efforts to stimulate tourism, but now the leadership will be offered to the private sector, especially organisations with vast experience in marketing to seek new markets abroad, Mr. Atallah said.

Mr. Atallah last mooth announced that plans had been worked out for carrying out wide scale campaigns in Italy, Spain and other European countries to market Jordan and bring in more and more tourist groups to the



Nasri Atallah Kingdom.

According to Mr. Atallah, the Ministry of Tourism will take part in an exhibition organised by tourist offices abroad to boost the country's marketing campaign. He said that the exhibition, which will be held in London towards the end of this year, will display various aspects of tourist attractions in a number of countries.

The Ministry of Tourism will have a wing to display Jordan archaeological treasures and there will be officials to conduct cootacts with foreign offices and other countries participating in the exhibition, Mr. Atallah said. He said that the ministry's committee entrusted with stimn-

dependent water purification and

sewage treatment facilities were

The doenment criticised

attacks that targeted civilian vehi-cles ou Iraqi highways, primarily

the Western routes to Jordan. It

listed at least three attacks during

which the allies sought to destroy

Iraqi mobile missiles but wound

and Asian workers trying to flee

the bombardment, killing scores

Also, it reported several

Middle East Watch praised the

low level of Gulf allied military

casualties but said a U.S. reliance

on manided bombs may have

added to the civilian death toll.

Pentagon and other allied com-

mands, first to reveal the extent

to which dumb bombs were drop-

ped in populated urban areas and

second to explain how such use

accords with the customary-law

duty to 'take all feasible precau-

tions' to avoid civilian harm," the

an affiliate of Human Rights

Watch, was established in 1989 to

The international organisation,

report said.

Middle East Watch calls on the

attacks on bedouin tents in west-ern Iraq that left at least 46 people killed, including a number

infants and children.

hitting convoys of Sudanese

hazard.

luting tourism in the Kingdom has also decided to participate in the Berlin Tourism Exhibition next year and in another tourism exhibition to be organised in Italy, where a Jordanian campaign to promote tourism last year was

The Ministry of Tourism's current campaigns have been successful, especially io Fioland thanks to the major role played in this regard by Her Majesty Queen Noor, Mr. Atallah said As a result of the efforts there, Agaba is oow receiving two weekly flights direct from Finland, each carrying at least 200 tourists from the Scandinavian countries. The tourism season in Aqaba lasts until at least next April, according to Ministry of tourism officials

In order to boost the campaign, Mr. Atallah said the Ministry of Tourism has invited journalists and writers from various parts of the world to visit Jordan's tourist

Mr. Atallah said that the ministry's committee has prepared and distributed leaflets, posters and other informational materials abont Jordao iceloding documentary films and slides depicting various tourist sites.

Ministry of Tourism officials said that revenues from tourism reached JD340 million in 1990, up from JD 315 million in 1989 and JD 321 in 1988.

tionally recognised human rights

military briefers stated that 90 per cent of smart weapons hit their targets, these precision-guided bombs accounted for only 7,400 of the 84,200 tons of munitions dropped by the allies

Central Bank of Jordan eases currency transfer restrictions

tral Bank of Jordan (CBJ) Saturday introduced new measures further facilitating the transfer of non-Jordanian currency abroad, a move de-scribed by banking sources as

wise and in the right direction. The CBJ statement said that the ceiling for annual allocations for people travelling abroad for study, medical treatment, pilgrimage, helping needy families or to cover expenses abroad has been raised to JD 10,000 worth of foreign currency, up from JD 5,000. Subscriptions to foreign magazines, newspapers and

scientific periodicals issued abroad will be JD 1000 worth of foreign currency, up from ID 500 annually, according to the statement wich said that the CBJ has authorised the Jordanian banks and financial institutions to issue foreign. currency on its behalf.

The statement also announced that the banks and financial institutions are free of restrictions imposed on them by CBJ over the past three years. They can now sell the fixed sums of foreign currency for the above mentioned purposes at their discretion, ont referring to the CBJ for

The move was seen as a measure to end rumours in Jordan about imminent devaluation of the Jordanian currency in the course of carrying out the economic restructuring programme as agreed on with

the International Monetary

Fund. Banking sources said that the rumours adversely affected their banking operations in the past. Less restrictions on bank operations, they said, means more foreign currency available, a move that will boost the value of the Jordanian dinar. The statement said that the

harmony with the CBJ's policies aimed at gradually remov-ing all restrictions and forms of control over foreign currency

Jordan imposed the restrictions in 1988 to stem a currency flight triggered by a dinar de valuation and to safeguard Central Bank foreign currency

Foreign curreccy reserves have been boosted by the return of Jordanians from the Gulf and a temporary freeze on repayment of some of Jor-dan's \$8 billion foreign debt.

New restriction tightens allied blockade of Aqaba

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Repeated appeals and pointed reminders have done little to ease the continning "interdictioo" of Aqaba-bound vessels by the American-led naval fleet enforcing the international sanctions against Iraq. If anything, the enforcers have suddenly tightened their procedures, shipping officials said Satur-

The latest addition to the requirements laid down by the warships patrolling the Tiran Straits at the mouth of the Gulf of Agaba is a condition that even fully loaded chartered ships make their cargo fully accessible for inspection on high seas — a process which deprive the vessels of using their full cargo capacity, leading to higher freight costs and in turn higher prices for the consumer, officials said.

The first victim of the new

rule, according to the Shipping Agents Association of Jordan, was a Romanian vessel carrying rice destined for Iraq. M.V. Calogareni, loaded with 7,470 tonnes of Indian rice, was intercepted at the Tiran Straits on Nov. 10 by the

enforcers of the blockade on

Iraq, the association said. The

vessel, whose cargo has been approved by the United Natinus Sanctinus Committee, has been lying nutside Tiran since theo, unable to meet the inspectors' demand that "all cargo on board" is made accessible, the association said.

Rearranging the bagged rice to allow access to the entire cargo hold "is an impossibility to perform at sea away from any nearby ports," the association said in a memorandum to Lloyds List International, Lon-

The memo pointed out that 93 chartered ships with full bagged cargo had called at Aqaba since Jan. 1, 1991, and none of them were asked to have full cargo accessibility. "Suddenly and without advance warning the U.S. naval force commenced strictly enforcing the 100 per cent accessibility rule," according to the memo.

According to Sufiao Mheisan, an official of the association, the rice aboard the Calugareni is part of a 30,000toooe rice coosigomeot approved by the U.N. Sanctions Committee after the proper notification in July 1990 under paragraph 20 of Resolution 687, which exempts food and medicine from the international embargo against Iraq.

What makes the experience of the Calugareni alarming to the shipping sector and importers is the possibility that hundreds of ships which have already been loaded or are en route to Agaba could be subject to the same 100 per cent accessibility rule. Mr. Mheisan estimated that

the new requirement would deprive ships of almost 30 per cent of their cargo space, which will have to paid for by the charterers. He said if the enforcers were to apply the new rule to the letter, Jordan will end up losing a minimum of JD 35 million as "inspection surcharges" - JD 25 million on vessels carrying containers and loose cargo and JD 10

million on chartered vessels. Jordao has repeatedly brought up to the U.S. the issue of the direct and indirect impact of the difficult conditions imposed by the enforcers of the blockade in the Red Sea. Several agreements and guidelines were reached, but, as one shipping agent put it, "a new condition and requirement is introduced every time we manage to meet another."

Informed sources said the consignment of rice aboard the Romanian vessel was imported by a Jordanian private sector establishment for export to

According to statistics re-leased by the U.S. Navy, since the sanctions were imposed on Iraq on Aug. 6, 1990 — four days after the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait — the naval task force has intercepted over 12,000 merchant ships, boarded over 2,500 and turned away 140 (the nnmher of those "tnrned away" does not include those ordered to unload "suspect cargo" elsewhere in the Red

A U.S. Navy spokesman said in October that despite the end of the Gulf war in February the number of interceptions has not decreased. The enforcement measures were tightened and the frequency of ioterceptions has gone op 'simply because shippers are feeling more comfortable with sailing to this part of the world while insurance rates are going down," according to the

The stringent enforcement of the blockade has caused severe hardships for Jordanian businessmen who have been paying additional costs for transhipment and industrialists whose productioo schedules were thrown into disarray because of delays in getting raw

Role of cooperatives in increasing food production in Arab World to be discussed

Arab World to help ensure food security will open Sunday with the participation of specialists from Jordan and Arab states, according to the Jordan Cooperative Organisation (JCO), which is organising the seminar in cooperation with the Arab Cooperative Federation and the Arab

Federation for Food Industries. JCO Director General Jamal Bedoor said in a statement on the eve of the seminar that the issue of food is one of the most important subjects in the Arab World at the present time, which has proved incapable of producing sufficient food for its growing population and has been increasing its reliance on food imports

from aboard. Ways to promote techniques

The participants, he said, will

AMMAN (J.T.) — A seminar on their food production, the creathe role of cooperatives in the tion of agricultural industry and week before another meeting orgathe role of cooperative societies in the occupied Arab territories, the role of marketing in promoting cooperatives operations, positive and negative factors affecting the food industries of the Arab World and other related topics will be discussed at the meetings.

The JCO itself will present five working papers dealing with these issues, including one which sheds light on the cooperatives of the occupied West Bank, Mr. Redour said

He added that participants are specialists in agricultural coop-eratives, food industries and other related fields.

nised by the Arab Federation for Food Industries in cooperation with JCO to discuss fodder processing in the Arab World. The organisers said that the

conference was part of ongoing efforts designed to evaluate the Arab fodder industry and boost the livestock wealth. Subjects to be discussed at the meeting, opening on Nov. 25, include economic and technical aspects of the fodder processing industry, production of fodder concentrates, modern trends in production techniques and plans for promoting the industry in the Arab World.

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF



Jamal Bedour

promote "observance of internation and farming work and nar-King congratulates Morocco

(Continued from page 1)

It devoted a special section to the Feb. 13 bombing of the Ameriya civil defence shelter in Baghdad, in which 200-300 civilians reportedly were killed. The United States claimed the facility was being used as a military command-and-control centre.

Middle East Watch complained that there was no conclusive evidence to label the shelter a military target. Also, it noted that under international law the shelter was a civil defence facility which should not have been bombed except after warning.

target, Middle East Watch criticised air attacks on food, agricultural and water-treatment faci-

report were government food warehouses in Baghdad, a new dairy factory north of Basra, flour milling facilities and water treatment installations. The allies, it said, virtually destroyed Iraq's electrical sys-

tem, including four of the countries five hydroelectric facilities. It noted that crippling Iraq's electrical production impeded the

It said lack of refrigeration and the impairment of Iraq's mechanised, irrigation-based agriculture exacerbated shortages of food that had been brought on by United Nations sanctions imposed after Iraq's Aug. 2, 1990,

Rights group reports violations invasioo of Kuwait. in the Middle East." Also according to the report, the cnnotry's electricity-

The group also said military censorship of news media added to misperceptions about the Gulf

crippled, creating a serious health The report said that while It quoted U.N. relief workers as saying in May that the "vicious circle (of) poor hygiene, con-taminated water and poor diet," left 100,000 Iraqi children under one year of age vulnerable to diarrhoea and dehydration.

designed to boost food producrowing the food gap will be the main focus at the three-day seminar, which will be held under the patronage of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Mr. Bedour said.

> also direct their attention to the role which cooperatives can play in ensuring food security and will discuss 15 research and working papers dealing with this subject.
> Agricultural cooperatives and

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

☆ Exhibition entitled "Graphic Arts of the 60s' (from the Federal Republic of Germany) at the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation gallery (open from 10 s.m. to 5 p.m.)

 Exhibition entitled "The Arab Traditional House, Selected Items of our Heritage" by Hana Sadeq Burdon at Baladan Gallery, Gardens Street.

* Exhibition of traditional embroidery and handmade items at the Marriott Hotel.

* Exhibition entitled "Goethe Forest" at Yarmouk University. ★ Exhibition of photos of His Majesty King Hussein and members of the Royal family in addition to photos of weapons and sems at the University of Jordan.

* Art exhibition by Ilham Al Turk at the Royal Cultural Centre.

★ Exhibition of children's paintings commemorating the 3rd

anniversary of the declaration of the state of Palestine at the Royal Culture Centre.

FILM ☆ Ecisode five of a 10-part series entitled "The Civil War" at the American Centre - 7 p.m.

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein

Saturday sent a cable to King Hassan II of Morocco to congratulate him in his name and on behalf of the Jordanian government and people on Morocco's independence day. King Hussein wished King Hassan II continued good health and happiness and the Moroccan people further progress and prosperity.

German minister to visit Jordan

AMMAN (J.T.) — The German Minister for Families and Senior Citizens Hannelore Roensch will visit Jordan Tuesday at the invitation of Minister of Social Development Awni Al Bashir. Mrs. Roensch will be visiting social centres of the Ministry of Social Development as well as different non-governmental projects in the social field. She will also hold talks with members of the Royal family and high ranking officials.

German delegation arrives

AMMAN (Petra) — A delegation representing the German Interior Ministry arrived in Amman Saturday on a five-day visit to Jordan during which it will hold talks with Public Securit Department (PSD) Director Maj. Gen. Fadel Ali Fuheid. The talks will deal with ways to enhance cooperation between the German Interior Ministry and the PSD. The delegation is scheduled to visit severel PSD centres and institutes.

Tests for dentists held

AMMAN (Petra) — The Ministry of Health, in cooperation with the Jordanian Dentists Association, Saturday held the general examination for dentists who graduated from foreign universities. Ahmad Al Rashdan, director of the ministry's Dentistry Department, said that 50 dentists registered their names for the test, which is held

once every three months. The verbal test for dentists will be held Sunday at the ministry's clinics in Al Abdali District, be said.

Jordan to attend conference

meetings of the executive committee of the Montreal Multi-Party Fund for the Protection of the Ozone Layer to start in the Canadian capital Monday. The committee comprises representatives of 14 countries, seven of which represent Third World countries. Jordan, along with Malaysia, represent Asia in the fund. In its four-day meeting, the committee will discuss ways to protect the ozone layer and help developing countries to use industrial materials which do not hurt the Ozone Layer.

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan will take part in the

Commission stops accepting iob applications

AMMAN (Petra) — The Civil Service Commission announced that it will stop receiving job applications as of Thursday to update the application lists and order them according to regulations. The commission will resume receiving job applications in a date to be announced in the first half of next year, the announcement said.

Exhibition opens at Yarmouk University

IRBID (Petra) — As part of the Kingdom's ongoing celebrations of His Majesty King Hussein's birthday, several exhibitions were opened Saturday at Yarmouk University by University President Ali Mahafza. The exhibitions, which were organised by the university's Public Service Society in cooperation with the Armed Forces Morale Guidance Department, include photos of the Armed Forces, Jordanian national heritage items, Omani public costumes and photos depicting development in the Sultanate of Oman.

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Statesmanship above all

WILL A government formed by Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker be essentially different from the government of Prime Minister Taher Masri? It might be, depending on whom you put the question to.

To us, any differences that may exist will be over form rather than substance, over emphasis rather than direction and over style and forcefulness of leadership rather than ideology. A brief look at the prime ministers' C.V.'s easily shows that both are men of integrity, open-minded and patriotic. In the case of Mr. Masri, however, it was only unfortunate that he had to deal with a political process that could mature in time for him.

A refined politician, he found it very difficult to reconcile himself with so many ministerial hopefuls in the Lower House of Parliament who were perhaps too driven by their personal ambitions to appreciate the scope of difficulties the country is going through. He made all possible efforts to form a government that could win the House's confidence and thus embark on its mandate of political reforms. Mr. Masri's antagonists had no clear political vision of their own, nor a credible programme; many of them quarrelled with him only over petty politics. Perhaps when democracy and Parliament mature, Mr. Masri, a trusted Jordanian, would have another go at fulfilling his ambitions for reforms.

Sharif Zeid, on the other hand, though with little practical experience in the House, has the respect of all political factions for his handling of the transitional period towards democracy in 1989. As a Hashemite, he should be above all politics of division. He enjoys the trust of the King and the respect of the Jordanian people. As chief of the Royal Court for the last two years, Sharif Zeid is expected to form a strong government, whether Parliamentary or otherwise. His style of leadership and modesty should serve him well m the House. And Sharif Zeid's mandate, though not essentially different from Mr. Masri's, should be a challenging one. He has to consolidate the democratic process by passing through the House such legislation as the political parties law, the press and publications law and the election law. While Jordan will be fully engaged in the Middle East peace process, a formidable task ou its own, Sharif Zeid's government will have to restructure the economy, reform civil service and cut red tape.

If Mr. Masri's political fortunes did not serve him well in the House, it is the belief of most political observers that Sharif Zeid's integrity and political acumen will be very important assets in his dealing with Parliament. It is therefore hoped that deputies, within the government or outside, would play a clean political game in which they place the country's higher interests ahead of their own and everything else. What the country needs most at this critical juncture of its history is statesmanship, and not search for Cabinet seats. Jordan and its interests must be above all; that has been the King's mandate for all his prime ministers and that is his mandate for Prime Ministerdesignate Zeid Ben Shaker.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

TODAY marks the third anniversary of the proclamation of Palestinian independence, one that is observed by the Palestinian people everywhere because it symbolises the fruit of their struggle over the past four decades, said Al Ra'i Arabic daily Saturday. The Palestinian people, through their continued struggle have secured the recognition of the world community and won support from various nations of the world for their legitimate rights in their homeland, while the ongoing intifada against the Israeli occupation has added credibility to the long struggle which is still continuing on this anniversary, said the paper. The paper said that Israel's denial nI the Palestinian rights and its continued occupation of Arab land can by no means negate the people's rights and aspirations, and can by no means deprive the Palestinians of the fruit of their sacrifices and struggle for liberation and independence. The intifada will continue and the Palestinians will continue to receive backing and support from Jordan and the other Arah countries, the paper added. It said that Israel, through its atrocities and its intransigence, can by no means turn the hands of the clock backward because the struggle will continue and the Palestinians are bound to wrest their freedom sooper ur later. The paper said that with the document of independence proclaimed three years ago, the Palestinians have marked the first step towards the final march towards independence and freedom.

AL DUSTOUR daily commented Saturday on Israel's threats to put on trial Dr. Hanan Ashrawi, spokeswoman for the Palestinian delegation at the peace conference, and said that such a step was complementary to Israel's other measures and practices designed to abort the peace conference. Israel has adopted a strategy which entails an escalation of repressive acts in the occupied territories, the construction of more Jewish settlements on Arab lands and stepping up aggression and raids on Lebannn, said 'he daily. It said that it was clear that the Israeli measures were igned as a defiance of the United States and the Soviet Uni-O-SPORSORS of the peace parley. The paper said that Israel's per withdraw from Arab lands and its determination to build more settlements were in themselves sufficient cause for the superpowers to exercise their pressure on the Jewish state, forcing it to comply with the U.N. resolutions and to end its arrogance. The flagrant defiance of the world community's will requires from the superpowers to act immediately, said the paper.

Sunday's Economic Pulse

IMF programme and the billion-dollar-gap

IN order for the exchange of goods and services with the outside world to go on without interruption, some sort of balance must be achieved between receipts and payments of foreign exchange. It is all right to have a deficit nne odd year, to be covered by withdrawing on the reserve nI the Central Bank, provided a

surplus may take place next year, to be added to the reserve.

This is not the case in Jordan. Fur the last four decades imports of goods and services were always in excess of exports. There was always a deficit and a growing gap in the current account of the balance of payments which is the best known indicator to measure the degree of economic self-sufficiency of a country.

Jordan used to cover the chronic deficit by using foreign grants, which first came from Britain, had been replaced by America since 1956, and replaced in turn by Arab Gulf states since 1967. During the seventies and eighties Jordan discovered easy money by borrowing abroad and became the first debtor in the world measured by the size nI its external debt as a percentage of its gross domestic product (GDP) and the second debtor (after Israel) as measured by the size of its debt relative to population.

This state of affairs was destined to end up in crisis, which erupted in the autumn of 1988. The world discovered that Jordan was unable to service its buge debts, thus no more credit became available at a time when Arab aid was also reduced drastically, due to lower oil prices and revenues.

The gap that separated Jordan from self-sufficiency in its dealing with the outside world reached JD 712.3 million in 1990 (\$1,070 million), which was equal to 27.4 per cent of the gross domestic product (GDP). This gap decreased from the highest level n I 44. I per cent in 1983 to only 14.7 per cent in 1989, which is the lowest ratio of exposure or deficit of the Inrdanian economy in modern times. The credit for narrowing the gap goes, at least in part, to the implementation of the economic adjustment programme agreed upon with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) during the first quarter nI 1989. The programme was adhered to until the Gulf crisis erupted in August 1990, when the balances were disturbed and all kinds of gaps widened again or went out of

This one billion dollar gap is nnt a paper gap. It represents hard currency which must be secured one way nr another in order for the country to be able to huy its hasic needs. The possible ways of raising this kind of money are: Foreign aid from international institutions and friendly countries, reliel and rescheduling of external debt, improving tax effort internally to reduce imports and consumption and increase exports and promote investments.

These are big responsibilities and objectives which call for an immediate comprehensive economic programme. If some of our politicians and writers hate to call it an IMF programme, they should feel free to call it a National Programme for Economic Adjustment. It takes sacrifices by the people internally, and effective performance by the government internationally. The world and international institutions will not belp us unless we help ourselves. It is no secret that financial aid and debt relief are no more available except to countries that follow sound economic policies and try hard to correct their state of affairs and put their

New signs emerge that Bush, once-invincible, now vulnerable

By Irwin Arieff Reuter

WASHINGTON - New signs are emerging that President George Bush, whose re-election once seemed a cinch, is growing vuinerable to eballenge from opposition Democrats in next year's election as a sour economy turns voters skittish.

A Los Angeles Times news-paper poll published on Tuesday had Mr. Bush running neck-andneck against an unnamed Democratie candidate - 41 per cent to 43 per cent with a three per cent margin of error — suggesting a steep plunge in the popularity toat made him seem invincible only a few weeks ago.

It marked the first time since Mr. Bush bec- : president that he had not wan easily over an mnamed Democrat in a succession of Times surveys. Just a month ago, he was favoured for re-election by 55 per cent to 37

The last toll showed to residen winning handuv who raatcheu agailist a specific i Democrat such as Marin . uomi

It said if the election were her inday Mr. Bush would beat the New York state governor by 55 Democrats consider Mr. Cunrao the party's strongest potential candidate even though he has ant declared himself in the race.

The White House shrugged off

". olls go up and polls go own. We have a year to go,' said presidential spokesman farlin Fitzwater.

Of Mr. Cuomn, whose perlormance was rated quite strong by political analysts considering he is still on the sidelnes, Mr. Fitzwater added: 'We never try to tell the Democratic Party whn to have as a candidate. They have a lot of good candidates... We'll

By Andrew Hill

Reuter

BASRA — Ragged children, Republican Guards and wreckage.

The highway from Baghdad to Basra tells the tale of Saddam

Hussein's problems in southern

Iraq.
It is eight months since President Saddam Hussein's troops

emboldened by his defeat in the

Gulf war. But red-bereted Re-

publican Guards still man roadb-

locks every few kilometres.

The 600-kilometre highway to

Iraq's second city, on the door-

step of Kuwait, provides an in-sight into post-Gulf war southern

Iraq. The region is home to Shiite

ethnic group.

The highway leads through the

rich flat farmland nI ancient

Mesopotamia. Rice is growing beside the Tigris River. Maize is

ripening under the last of the

Across the plains black smoke

billows day and night from kilns

churning out bricks to help re-

But the price of bricks, maize

build Iraq after the war.

autumn sun.

GEORGE HERBERT WALKER '92 WHITE HOUSE LINIV. DATE SUBJECTS ECONOMICS U UU TRANSPORTATION 0 SS FOREIGN POLICY JR. UU 46 DONESTIC POLICY Ц U 48 EDUCATION FU U HEALTH CARE 50 E JR. ECPLANATION OF MARKS

PRODUCES MARGEDLY SUPERIOR WORK PRODUCES SUPERIOR WORK. DENICHOTISMES GRUBBLEDORY

NEEDS TO IMPROVE PROBLESSS IN WORK

Although Mr. Bush might take

solace in his mastery over ramed

Democrats, even Repub icans saw cause for worry in the fresh

evidence his public support was

diminishing sharply from the

beights it reached after he Gulf

That has got to be i nnerving for George Bush because six

months ago he was considered unbeatable," Republica.1 analyst

Kevin Phillips said in reference to

the dead-heat with an unspecified

is that, measured against what the

American people would ideally

ike in the presidency, Bush is

now beginning to not measure

up. But as far as the likelihood

that a Democratie candidate

and rice has escalated out of the reach of many of those who need

them most. Free-for-all economic

conditions have gripped Iraq be-cause of United Nations sanctions

"Before the war, you could buy

truck load of 3,000 bricks for

350 dinars," one Shijte resident

recalled. "Now they cost at least-

1,000 dinars per truck. Who can

Using official exchange rates, bricks used to cost \$1,085 a truck-

load. Now they would cost

But the comparative prices are misleading because of a flourishing black market which

makes nonsense of the official

exchange rate of oue dinar equals

dinars equal one dollar in the

alleyways of Baghdad's markets.

black market, mean little to the

poor of southern Iraq. Only the

wealthiest have access to dollars.

southern Iraq before the Guif

war, Iraqi doctors say. People

had access to subsidised food,

good health services and adequ-

Malnutrition was unheard n I in

Exchauge rates, ufficial or

and frozen foreign assets.

afford that?

\$3.100

Muslims, Iraq's largest single 3.1 dollars. It is more like 10

Baghdad-Basra road

provides insight into

woes of southern Iraq

"What numbers like that mean

Democratie opponent.

war triumph.

DEMONSTRATES LITTLE OR NO PROSPESS IN WORK.

EXCELLENT

take whoever they throw at us." could measure up to that ideal, all

> lips tald Reuters. Democrats were cheered because the poll showed Mr. Cuomo performing better against Bush than any other Democrat

the polls show that that's a long

way from happening," Mr. Phil-

"This is in a vacuum with no campaign debate as nf yet and against an undeclared candidate," said Democratic analyst 90b Beckel. "I dnn't consider that good news for Bush. If I were him, I wouldn't panic right now but I'd be getting out my surgical tools and figuring out snmething tn dn, because if there's nn uptick in the economy by spring, he's in real trouble.

Judging hy recent actions, Mr.

tries to provide one third of daily

food intake at subsidised prices

with a rationing system. The other two thirds have to be

bought on the free market, at

prices often 60 times those the

This has led to malnutritinn

nong children, aggravated by

bad drinking water because of

Gulf war bomb damage to the

main pumping and purification stations, and a lack of drugs to

Infant mortality in Basra has doubled from 6.5 per cent of-children treated to 12.6 per cent,

according to Basra Director

General of Health Rajih Thamer.

Douglas Broderick is head uf the U.S. Catholic Relief Services,

an American aid agency that had

no place in pre-war Iraq. He is

alarmed at what he called the

slow slide now taking place.
"What I see now is a few beans

and rice water on the table where

there used to be a rich stew with

meat and vegetables. What I see

is a market nI shortages where

there used to be everything," said

Mr. Broderick, who nperates

several health centres in the

government charges.

treat the sick.

Bush is already reacting to ominous political signs that include a steady flow of grim news on the economy, a strong showing in the Louisiana governor's race by self-styled Republican and former Ku Klux Klan leader David Duke, and the surprise defeat in last week's Pennsylvania Senate race of Dick Thornburgh, a close Bush ally and former cabinet aide.

In moves that Republicans have tried to portray as smart politics but Democrats call signs of a man running scared, he has dropped his langstanding apposition in civil rights legislatinn, put uff a trip to Asia and promised in propose, national health care

"You had a major poltical up-set in Pennsylvania that I'm sure s weighing heavily nn the minds at the White House but I don't think it's running scared," said Republican political consultant Steve Sandler.

"I think it's people paying attention in the electorate," Mr. Sandler said. "If the election were held tomorrow. I think Bush would win handily ag inst any of the Democrats, added. "Elections aren't run against unnamed Democrats."

But with Mr. Cuomn possil: poised in enter the presidential nomination race, the poll results seemed a sure sign that the Democrats were succeeding in chipping away at the president's standing with the voters one year before the 1992 election.

The key tn Mr. Bush's future, analysts agreed, would be the performance of the economy over the next four or five months.

"If it's still sagging in February or March, the Democrats are going to be able to indict him." said Mr. Phillips. "But if nn the other hand the econnmy picks up. the Democrats will have lost their

"I was at one ol nur centres the

other day and there were 300

mathers clamouring for milk.

They were begging for it. There was not one smiling, bealthy-

Hardship is visible from the

road where barefoot children

play a few hundred metres from

wrecked factories, bombed army

installations and soldiers standing

highway are countless army

camps where new recruits drill in

Behind low walls along the

Iraqi officials are reluctant to

discuss why the Republican

Guard is so widely deployed at

roadhlocks fashioned from speut

shell cases and lit by single elec-

There is little traffic at night.

At one roadblock this week, a

Republican Guard let off a few

rounds to stop a truck driver who

"The soldiers are just joking with him," said a Ministry of Information guide as the troops frisked the driver and took him to

a tent for questioning. "They are

just making a joke."

trie bulbs.

looking child in the place."

Bush says his foreign policy concern is good for America

By Laurence McQuillan

WASHINGTON — A defensive President George Bush is telling America his passion for foreign affairs is driven by concern about the quality of life at home, a message advisers believe must be reinforced nn the way to next year's presidential election.

Throughout bis presidency, Mr. Bush has spoken openly of the relish with which he has tackled foreign affairs - dealing with China nr the intransigence oI nations in the Middle East and embarking nn military show-downs with Panama and Iraq.

Netherlands, Kansas or Missouri, Mr. Bush pounds away at his theme — serving America when he steps nnto the international

Of his dispatching of troops in 1989 to remove Panamanian strongman Manuel Noriega, Mr. Bush said: "When a dictatori sellin Britain, Winston Churchill he's brought to trial.

OI Iraqi President Saddam visit this week to St. Louis: "When a brutal tyrant invaded Kuwait, we helped roll back aggression and liberate a land."

"Was that victory foreign? Was that domestic? What was it? he asked. "I think it was in the fundamental national interest oI the United States that we led the world to say nne country is not going to brutalise its neighbour. It's good for your kids and mine, and it's good for the entire

hoped-for economic recovery re- where but America" tour.

fuses to gather momentum. So, after trade talks nn Saturday with officials of the European Community in the Hague, Mr. Bush said he was trying to move towards "a new era of free and open trade, generating jobs and

opportunity nn both sides of the Atlantic,' Last February, when he declared an end to the Gulf war, Mr. Bush's popularity rating stood at 90 per cent and words like "invincible" and "overwhelming" were used to describe his re-election chances. Today, his popularity has slipped to Now, whether in Italy nr the around 50 per cent and political

advisers are uncomfortably aware that political titans like Winston Churchill easily fall four of disgruntled voters.

NEWS ANALYSIS

threatened American lives, we was denied the prime minishelped the Panamanian people tership in the last days of World validate their own free elections. War II despite inspiring his naby kicking him out, seeing that tion in war, partly due to worries over post-war domestic issues.

Mr. Bush is trying to avoid any parallel with Churchill — victor in war rejection in peace. "Bush isn't Churchill, and we're making sure that doesn't happen," said a

That explains why the American president postponed a 10day trip planned for this month to Japan and Australia, already scaled back from 13 days.

After flying to the Middle East peace conference in Madrid early in the month, attending a NATO summit in Italy and an EC session A year from now he faces an election to find ont if voters are in the mood to give him a second.

four-year term, and unemploy- T-shirts listing Mr. Bush's foreign ment is steadily increasing as a travel and calling it the "Any-

A Golan Heights, proposal

Nnv. 8, 1991.

MAY 1 offer a perspective on the Golan Heights problem - from the prison cell where I am serving an I8-month term for violating a law that prohibits Israelis from meeting with PLO members?

Many nI us remember the mouths before the 1967 war, when Israelis in the valley were shelled from the mountaintops in the Golan Heights. There was no peace in the valley. So when Israel eaptured the Golau the area returned.

Heights, almost everynne 2. The United States and the

thought it was a just cause. ity to the region. Instead, the present borders brought more casualties nn both sides than occurred in the years before the 1967 war.

If the occupation of the Golan Heights was meant to prevent ments, one could sympathise with Israel. If the occupation was meant in exploit the captured Israel, the chances for peace can Israel. be considered nil.

wage war on Israel: they could be hope for peace.

course, could use its own missiles, chemical weapons and, as a last resort, some of the 300 atomic

destruction of the entire region. Do we have a choice? Yes, and now, while the attempt at dialogue is being made. Israel should be willing to withdraw from the Golan Heights on the following

1. Syria agrees to demilitarise

Soviet Union, under United Na-But Israel's victory in 1967 tions mandate, place observers to brought neither peace nor securguarantee the demilitarisation. The observers would be removed is only on joint Israeli-Syrian re-

4. Syria would agree to permit guns from firing on the settle- Israeli settlers to continue living

5. Syria would permit any Jew territory for gain, or to enlarge wishing to leave Syria to go to

do not need the Golan Heights to concern for the future can there.

The following letter to the editor fire Scud missiles from the by Abe Nathan appeared in the Damascus area and no Israeli city international Herald Tribune nn would be safe. And Israel, of bombs it reportedly has.

All this would lead to the

3. Syria would agree to sign a peace treaty with Israel.

in the Heights, under agreed-on:

Only in this spirit of reason, Anyway, these days the Syrians magnanimity, compromise and

a pet on ti accominati opion was a

CLEARA

Mr. Azaideh said he "did not rule out studying the option of (the Brotherhood) abstaining rather than voting against the new government" if the movement felt that the new government would strengthen public

The Islamists have made no secret of their feeling that they were being targeted by the Masri nt. They say that many of their supporters were detained and point out that at least two of their planned gatherings to voice opposition to the peace process were aborted and one of their publications was banned.

Public freedoms had "resed" under the government of Mr. Masri, Mr. Azaideh asserted. "We hope that on the internal level there would be an improvement, especially in public freedoms, which greatly relapsed under previous government," he

The issue of public freedoms, he added, "will carry a lot of weight in favour of " a Sharif Zeid government.

Mr. Azaideh said the Brotherhood "joining the government (of Sharif Zeid) is not on the cards" since the movement does not believe that there will be any change in Jordan's participation in the peace process.

The Muslim Brotherhood rejects any negotiation with Israel and refuses to accept a compromise solution over the occupied territories. It calls for the "total liberation of the land of Palestine" - the territory covered under the British mandate of

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If the Muslim Brotherhood decides to abstain from voting in a confidence session, the votes of its members would be considered as favourable to the government.

The spokesman for the Constitution Bloc, Yousef Mbaideen, said his bloc had not met yet to discuss the changes of government but said he expected that "all parliamentary blocs, except perhaps the Muslim Brotherhood, would extend their support

to Sharif Zeid."
Asked whether his bloc would make the same demands of this government that were made of Mr. Masri's, Mr. Mbaideen said that he could only speak for himself but that "if I was not asked to join the government but was asked for a vote of confidence in Sharif Zeid I would give

The Constitution Bloc, ranking as the second largest bloc in the Lower House but lacking in political ideology, had demanded that Mr. Masri include them in his coalition government with a percentage similar to their weight in Parliament and had led the campaign against Mr. Masri in parliament when they were excinded from a government reshuffle last month.

Sulaiman Arar, the head of the 16-member National Bloc, of which Mr. Masri himself is member, said he met with Sharif Zeid Saturday but that he had not discussed his meeting with mem-

bers of his bloc yet. He said that Sharif Zeid had informed him that he was asked to form a government and that he was conducting consultations on the form of government.

Mr. Arar said it was "premature" to discuss whether his bloc will particiapte in Sharif Zeid's government until "further consultations" were held with the prime minister-designate. Democratic Bloc members,

who are split among themselves, said their decision was contingent on the government statement to be delivered by the prime minister in the regular session of parfiament.

Sharif Zeid, who bolds the rank of field marshal, is a career military officer, served as commander in chief of the Armed Forces for over a decade before being named chief of Royal Court and special adviser to His Majesty King Hussein on military

affairs. Sharif Zeid served as prime minister for an interim period of eight months in 1989, leading the country to general elections in November of that year and leaving the premiership in December to Mudar Badran.

Ashrawi will not be put on trial Arab-American Leadership

(Continued from page 1)

measures right now, in view of the peace process," Dr. Ashrawi-said, denouncing the move as a bid to silence the Palestinians. Jordan, called on Washingtonand Moscow to protect Dr.

Ashrawi. President George Bush expressed concern over the issue. ook my hand as he was leaving and said, 'please know that Hanan is in my mind and I'm paying very close attention to what is happening over there," George Salem, chairman of the

Council, said after a meeting with Mr. Bush. State Department spokesman

Richard Boucher said: "We think now it's in everyone's interests to create a climate that promotes negotiations and gives them a greater chance of succeeding."

Washington's concern was transmitted to Israel. Mr. Shamir is due to meet Mr.

Israeli negotiations soon.

Khalil advises peace delegation

ment broadcast naitonwide on radio and television on the eve of the 21st anniversary of Mr. Assad's assumption of power in a bloodless coup on Nov. 16, 1970. Mr. Assad, 61, made no specific reference to the U.S .-

sponsored peace process.

But he said to Israel's leaders the word peace "is a false commodity with which they have traded for some time and, when it was put on the spot and the time for examination matured, the deception was disclosed and masks

Mr. Boucher did not say how

Bush next Friday and the United States is expected to announce a site for a resumption of Arab-

(Continued from page 1)

He continued: "While we are expecting world public opinion and peoples and governments to watch and issue their just verdict. and stand beside righteousness, we have no doubts that the battle for peace in which we are involved is a part of our struggle against aggression and occu-

faces."

paiton. In an interview published Friday, Mr. Sbamir told an Israeli newspaper he would not surrender any land, allow formation of a Palestinian state or cease the construction of Jewisb settledropped from the Israeli rulers' ments on occupied land.

The writing on the wall in Palestine

By Paul Lalor

GRAFFITI is one of the most visible signs of the intifada and of Israel's attempts to eradicate it. Walls on main streets in the towns and villages of the occupied territories are alive with Arabic script and the black paint used to blot it out. Together they tell a vibrant tale about what has bappened in the West Bank and Gaza since the outbreak of the uprising in December 1987.

The early days

From the earliest days of the intifada, graffiti supplemented the leaflets of the united leadership and instructions passed on by word of mouth. Arguably it also gave a voice to the grass roots of the intifada. The writing on the wall varied from bastily scribbled messages and slogans to elaborate murals covering entire houses. While most of it was written in places assuring it maximum publicity, it tended to be more artistie in villages where Israeli patrols were less frequent. There were special places for important announcements, like the "newspaper", a section of wall on Palestine Street in Qaddura camp near Ramallah. In Jallazun it was the wall near the coffee shop in the centre of the camp and in Gaza, Omar Al Mukhtar Street performed the same function.

Recurring symbols were the clenched fist, the "V" sign, the rifle, the flag and the map of Palestine. The first represented the Palestinian strike force, the 'V" the Churchillian sign for steadfastness in the face of adversity. Map, flag and gun were often combined, as with the PFLP mural which was sometimes painted in the distinctive chequered pattern of the kuffivah. The traditional practice of incorporating script into images was also prevalent, for instance when "Fateh" is written into Kalashnikov machine gun.

Wall writers helped to organise daily life during the intifada. For instance, they reinforced strike calls and the drive for a boycott of Israeli goods. Car owners were asked not to drive on strike days. Though Israel went off summer time on Aug. 31 1990, graffiti them "winter time will begin on

fiance. "We will not be deterred by the demolition of houses' appeared on a bouse knocked down by the Israelis. Martyrs were commemorated and national days were celebrated with slogans and drawings. The artists also sought to boost morale. Leftists reminded Palestinians that "the Israelis are not stronger than the United States. The Palestinians are not weaker than the Vietnamese." The left also played a band in emphasising the importance of social and other issues. "Equal pay for equal work" was a common one. another was "give work first to

the holders of green identity cards," who are denied the right to work in Israel. No subject or space was overlooked by the graffiti writers. Nearly every rubbish bin in the territories had something like Sbamir's office" or simply "Israel" inscribed on it. The current prime minister of Israel was referred to as a donkey, Rabin as a monkey and Sharon as an elephant. Swastikas and references to fascism are commonplace. And the slogans often rhymed, like the couplet in Al Bira written shortly after His Majesty King Hussein cut his links with the West Bank in July 1988. It read: "We don't want the shekel, or the dinar, we want the currency of Abu Ammar."

Stamping it out

"We had wail stamps you know," Adil told me. "We cut the shape of the symbols and slogans out of a newspaper placed them against a wall and applied the paint." At the beginning, instructions were issued from a central command. "If there was an order to put up a certain slogan in Manara (the centre of Ramallah) there would be three or four people involved - some to do it, others to keep watch. It was usually done at night and sometimes we would harricade the road to give us time to get away in case an army patrol

The Israelis mounted buge clean-up operations, sealed off streets and villages and forced the local inhabitants to erase graffiti. Israeli soldiers with spray guns and tanks of black paint or notified Palestinians; that for whitewash on their back blotted it out. However, this policy was of limited value. As one activist poi-

wanted to do something new, so with paint in sbort supply the

Israelis were doing us a favour."

However, in August and September 1989 the first Palestinians were shot dead by Israeli soldiers for writing on their own walls. By May 1991 it was estimated that as many as seven Palestinian youths had been killed in this way. The occupation authorities also began to make Palestinians responsible for erasing their own graffiti. On June 9, 1988 the Israeli military commander of the West Bank announced that refusal to erase graffiti was punishable by a five-year prison sentence or a fine of 1,500 new Israeli shekels (\$750) or both. However, this proved impossible to enforce and an additional order threatened those who did not remove graffiti from their property with a fine of new Israeb shekels of 350. It was put into practice for the first time in October 1989 and there were no exceptions. Dr. Saeb Erekat, the political leader from Jericho, who was recently named as one of the Palestinian delegates to the Madrid peace conference, was summoned to the office of the military commander, to discuss local matter, be thought. When he got there he was ordered to pay a fine for failing to erase graffiti which had appeared on the wall of his

Before the intifada, graffiti was signed by the group responsible for it. However, after the first leaflet of the unified leadership was issued in January 1988, the United National Leadership of the Uprising (UNLU) logo was used to signify the unity. But with the emergence of Hamas, growing differences over tactics and strategy and a widening gap between the grass roots and the leadership, individual groups began to sign their own material.

When Hamas and other Islamic groups first appeared, they were widely criticised for being more interested in gaining support for themselves than in helping the national cause and in many places their slogans were painted over. However, as the pre-PNC dehate of 1988 provoked differences over how to approach peace it became more acceptable. By the end of 1988 it had also proved its willingness to make sacrifices and cooperate with UNLU. Speaking

intifada in Arabic, said: "Today you will see a slogan by Hamas on a wall, and if you are Palestinian yon won't clean it off. Hamas and Islamic Jihad have become a fact

Reflecting divisions

Emerging divisions were highly visible on the walls. When coloured paint was available Hamas would write in green, Fatch in black and the left-wing groups in red. The red star signified the Democratic Front, the hammer and sickle represented the Communist Party. The Dome of the Rock or the Koran were the favorrite emblems of the Islamic groups, often compled with a single finger pointing heavenward. The curled knuckles and finger spelt out Allah in Arabic.

Despite Hamas's claim of impartiality in the left-right dispute within the PLO — "no left, no right Hamas is the light" — there were signs of tactical unity with the loyal opposition, the PFLP and Nayef Hawatmeh's DFLP. "No to liquidationist solutions" and "the Baker Plan will not save the Shamir Plan" were common to all rejectionists. And whereas Hamas would write "the destruction of Israel is a Koranic inevitability" and "Islam is the solution and jihad is the way," the PFLP would argue that "the power of logic is no substitute for the logic of power" and "the rifle cleared the way for the stone as the stone clear the way for the rifle." Fatch's slogan read "national unity will remain in fortress in the face of fascist occupation," "Fateh" was scrawled on every available public place and the Fatch eagle, and pictures of Arafat, sometimes embracing the martyr Abu Jihad, were also ubi-

At central points there were disputes over the use of wall space, involving knives in Jallazun camp where the Communists fell out with the PFLP and Fateb. For instance in the summer of 1989, Jamil Ta'rifi, a West Bank Fatch supporter who met the Israeb prime minister, became the subject of death threats signed by the PFLP. Fatch members countered with graffiti in support of the meeting.

In mid-August 1989, the united leadership's Communique No. 44 called on all factions to sign their slogans UNLU to enhance national unity. However, divisions persisted and there were signs that the gap between the growing. In May 1990, 40 Palestinian "notables" went on hunger strike in Jerusalem to protest against the Rishon Lezion massacre. Leaflets were distributed in the occupied territories and the action was widely covered internationally. But Salah Abdul Jawwad of Bir Zeit University, who has been collecting graffiti material, "did not find a single slogan on the walls relating to the bunger strikes." On the other hand, the walls were covered with slogans calling for revenge and the escalation of the intifada into armed struggle.

Against a background of mounting frustration, economic hardship and little progress in the peace process, increasing numbers of collaborators were killed. Armed groups with names like "the Guardians of Al Agsa," "the Lions of the Revolution" and

nted out, "we had to paint over at the time, Ali Al Jarbawi, who the "Black Panthers" appeared old slogans anyway when we has written a book about the and there were firefights between different factions in Nahlus. They also made an impact on the walls and their slogans were rarely political. According to Adil, they write strong militant slogans like "death to collaborators or "con-

gratulations to the band who killed so and so." There was a serious escalation in the war of the walls this summer when there were death threats against Faisal Husseini and Hanan Ashrawi after their meetings with Secretary of State Baker. Even the PFLP responded by condemning these threats and calling for the peaceful resolution of inter-Palestinian disputes.

Many Palestinians have concluded that the intifada is in crisis, especially in the wake of the Gulf war. And there are fears that if the peace process fails, the downward spiral will continue. Among others, leftist lecturer Musa Budeiri has called for elections and a more representative leadership to replace "those who are sought out by the media." Salim Tamari, also of Bir Zeit Universihappens, Palestinians will have to develop a survival strategy involving political and economic programmes to revitalise and sustain the intifada. They should also exploit Western opposition to Israeli settlements in the territories and the threat of mass expulsion to secure aid from outside. Ultimately, Israel would have to enforce autonomy on the Palestinians or integrate them, thus realising the Palestinian dream of a unitary and democratic state throughout historical

Mr. Tamari might approve of the sentiments expressed by the daring artist who drew "long live the state of Palestine" and an Israeli flag helow the Israeli observation post in the centre of Ramallah. The message seemed to be that just as the artist had put his slogan on the wall under the noses of the Israelis, so Palestinians could lay the groundwork for their state under the Israeli occupation. - Middle East Inter-

Palestine.

Paul Lalor is a research student at ty, has pointed out that whatever St. Antony's College, Oxford.





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JORDAN MARKET PLACE

by Nidal Ibrahim)

pied territories during the intificia (photos

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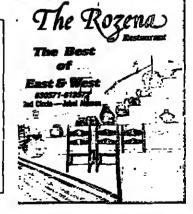
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SPORTS NEWS IN BRIEF

Keller, Maleeva advance in Indianapolis

PDIANAPOLIS (AP) — Audra Keller, the only remaining crican in the Jell-O Tennis Classic, reached the final round : 4 5-2, 6-4 upset Friday over fourth-seeded Radka Zrubakova ∴choslovakia. Two-ime champion Katerina Maleeva of ania, the top seed, took 65 minutes to beat unseeded there is Paz of Argentina 6-2, 6-1 in the second semifinal of the 2020 Cournament at the Indianapolis Racquet Clnh. The unseeded Keller, 19, of Memphis, Tenn, will play Maleeva for the campionship and a first prize of \$27,000. It took Keller only 51 minutes to win her semifinal match, breaking service for leads of 3-2 and 5-2 and winning the last four games of the first set. Keller took control with a service break for 4-3 in the second set.

Cube, captures volleyball title

OSAKA, Japan (AP) — Cuba beat Peru 15-9, 15-12, 2-15, 15-11 Saturday for its fourth straight win and clinched the title in the Women's World Cup Volleyball Championships. Even if Cuba loses in straight sets to the Soviet Union Sunday, it will win the mentionship because of its better set ratio. With the loss, Peru it to 1-3. In other final-round matches at Osaka Castle Hall in western Japan, China defeated the World Champion Soviet Union 15-3, 5-15, 15-7, 15-7 for its third victory against one defeat. The Soviet Union fell to 3-1. The United States downed winless Souti. Korea 15-10, 15-6, 15-10 for its first win against four defeats. The six teams advanced to the final round after placing among the top three in two groups in the preliminary round.

Van Basten suspension lifted

MILAN (R) — An Italian soccer disciplinary board Friday lifted a one-day suspension imposed on AC Milan's Marco Van Basten. The Dutch striker had been sent off after a linesman accused him of hitting an opponent at the end of Milan's 4-1 league victory over Roma on Nov. 3. But the board ruled the alleged action was unintentional and lifted the ban, which would have kept Van Basten out of Sunday's difficult away game against champions Sampdoria. Van Basten had argued that he was a victim of mistaken identity and said television replays proved that his team mate Aldo Serena was the culprit.

Baltics may take part in World Cup

ZURICH (AP) - Soccer's world governing body may permit the Baltic states of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania to participate in the 1934 World Cup. FIFA said its executive committee will consider the applications on Dec. 7, a day before the World Cup qualifying draw. A total of 140 countries have entered the tournament, which will be played in the United States from June 17-July 17, 1994. Estonia and Latvia joined FIFA on May 20, 1923, and Lithuania joined the following day. The three, which were recognised as independent countries earlier this year, never resigned their FIFA membership. Normally, only the FIFA congress can grant membership and the next congress isn't scheduled until July 3. However, the executive committee can grant provisional membership and is expected to do so. Germany gets a spot in the final 24 as the defending champion and the United States gets a berth as the host nation. The rest will play a two-year series of qualifying games. FIFA said Friday it had accepted the late entries of Mauritania, Mozambique, Swaziland and Vietnam. It has said it does not play to consider the issue of readmitting Sonth Africa before the draw.

Cyprus to host Yugoslavia-Australia match

LONDON (AP) - Nicosia, Cyprus has been chosen as the site for the Davis Cup match next year between Yugoslavia and Australia, the International Tennis Federation (ITF) said Friday. The first-round World Group tie had been scheduled to be played in Lugoslavia but was moved because of the civil conflict in that country. Australia had offered to host the match, but Yugoslavia recommended Cyprus as the alternate site. The choice received and approval Friday, said Thomas Hallberg, the ITF's director of Davis Cup competition. The match will be played Jan. 31-Feb. 3,000 spectators.

Connors is not thinking about retiring

BUENOS AIRES (AP) — At age 39 and still a tiger on the tennis court, Jimmy Connors says, "I don't even think about retiring." The U.S. ace arrived Friday for weekend exhibitions against Argentine great Jose Luis Clerc, 33, but left the pro circuit six years ago. Trying to build some interest in the Saturday and Sunday matches on the red clay courts at the Bnenos Aires lawn tennis club, Connors said he's looking to avenge a 1982 loss to Clerc. 'He was very young and I tried to wear him down, but couldn't," he told reporters at Exeiza International Airport. The world No. 1 from 1974-77, Coundrs soldiered on despite the loss. This season has been one of his best in years. Last September, he reached the semifinals of the U.S. Open. His secret? "I always took care of myself. I never tried drugs and I love tennis," he said.

Sanchez-Vicario, Capriati Agassi advance in Philadelphia

PHILADELPHIA (AP) -Third-seeded Arantxa Sanchez-Vicario and No. 4 seed Jennifer Capriati took different routes Friday into the semifinals of the \$350.000 Virginia Slims of Philadelphia Tennis Tournament.

Sanchez-Vicario, ranked No. 5 in the world, took the more difficult path, overcoming hard-serving Brenda Schultz 6-7, (4-7).

Capriati, 15, who is ranked No. 6 and playing in her first tourna-ment since the U.S. Open, took the easy way, defeating seventh-seeded Manuela Maleeva-Fragniere 6-3, 6-2. The 6-foot-2 (1.88-metre), 170-

pount (77-kilogram) Schuitz's big serve was not enough agains: Sanchez-Vicario, who won for the fourth time in as many meetings between the two.

For the most part, Sanchez-Vicario was content to trade ground strokes and wait for Schultz to make a mistake. Sanchez-Vicario came to the net only 34 times in the 1-hour, 55minnte match, compared with 92 for Schultz, Schultz made 42 unforced errors to 14 for Sanchez-

When she did come in, however, Sanchez-Vicario won 71 per cent of the points, compared with 53 per cent for Schultz.

Sanchez-Vicario broke Schultz's serve in the first game of the match but lost her serve in the eighth game when Schultz hit an overhead off a poor loh. Sanchez-Vicario was disturbed

by several line calls in the tiebreaker and fell behind 4-1 and 6-3 before hitting a volley wide to

The 19-year-old Spaniard dominated the second set, hreak-



Jornifer Caprinti

ing Schultz's serve twice, once in to try to be aggressive and move z love game, after saving two break points in the first game. The game mirrored the two most recent meetings between the players, with Sanchez-Vicario dropping the first set, then ral-

lying to win.
"That played on my mind in the second set," Schultz said, "I was just not there. I was thinking how I would win the first and lose the second and because 1 was thinking that. I was not mentally into it.

The pivotal service break of the match came in the seventh game of the third set. Schuitz saved a pair of break points before hitting a backband into the net.

In the 10th game, Schultz saved one match point with a lob but Sanchez-Vicario won the next point with an overpowering passing shot. a knew I had to be patient

because she has a great serve," Sanchez-Vicario said, "But I had

UEFA bans Torino irom home game

the ball and go to the net before she could come in.'

Capriati, wearing contact lenses in a tournament for the first time, needed only 59 minutes to beat Maleeva-Fragniere, overcoming a lost service game in the fifth game of the first set to record breaks in the sixth and eighth games.

After the match, Capriati's agent, John Evert, said she will be coached by Pavel Slozil starting at the end of the year. Slozil formerely coached Steffi Graf.

In other quarterfinal play, top seed Monica Seles overcame a first set lapse to oust eighthseeded American Zina Garrison

7-6. 6-0. Seles will take on Sanchez, while Capriati faces second seed Gabriela Sabatini, who advanced Thursday, in what could well be a preview of a quarterfinal at next

UEFA also fined Spanish side

hit a linesman during the UEFA

Bulgaria's CSKA Sofia received a

the poor organisation of their

UEFA Cup game against Ham-

Germany Oct. 22.

burg on Nov. 6.

week's Virginia Slims Cham-

ZURICH (R) — Italy's Tonno must play the home leg of their UEFA Cup third-round tie against AEK Athens at least 300 kilometres from Turin because of tronble-making fans, the Eurotheir second-round home leg tie pean Football Union (UEFA) against Spartal: Moscow on Nov.

UEFA's disciplinary committee imposed the sanction Thursday because Torino fans fought with police and destroyed seating at the away leg of their second: round tie against Boavista of Pertugal on Nov. 6.

Boavista, knocked out of the competition by Torino, came off rse from the hearing. The Portuguese cluh must play their next two home-leg ties in any of the three UEFA club compatitions at least 200 billemeth. From their

UEFA saio there had been important lapses in security arrangements at the Boavista Stadium and UEFA directives had

not been properly observed. It said the second half of the match was delayed for seven minntes while Boavista fans threw projectiles at the Torino goalkeeper.

AEK Athens, Torino's thirdmidfielder Thomas Doll. Gerround opponents, were also many won the tie 4-1, punished. They received a 75,000 Swiss francs (\$52,000) fine be-Osasuna 50,000 francs (\$32,500) cause of a pitch invasion during after missiles thrown by their fans

The clubs have until midnight Monday to appeal against the sanctions. Weish striker Dean Saunders

received a three-match suspension for violent conduct.

Saunders was sent off in the 50th minute of Wales's Group 5 European Championship qualifving tie against Germ

Roma were fined 10,000 francs (\$6,500), UEFA said the Italian club's supporters let off fireworks during their European Cup Win-Cup tie agains Oct. 16 for a bad tackle on lives Tampere, also on Nov. 6.

St Etienne beats St Germain 3-0

minute.

PARIS (R) - St Etienne brought midfielder Lubomir Moravcik back mameries of hetter times when they threshed title-chasing Paris St Germain 3-0 in the French soccer first division.

the 1970s and European Cup finalists in 1976, St Etienne strug-gled against the Farisian club's tough delence until Chechoslovak before the final whistle.

broke the deadlock in the 38th

In the second half, Middle-ofthe-table St Etienne laid siege to The dominant French club of the visitors' goal and scored through a Sylvain Kastendeuch penalty in the 51st minute and from Didier Tholot one minute

reaches Frankfurt semifinals

FRANKFURT (R) — American defending champion Andre Agassi clinched his place in the semifinals of the ATP Tour World Tennis Championships with a 7-5 6-3 victory over Wimbledon champion Michael Stich

Agassi took just 70 minutes to serve Stich his third defeat of the round-robin group stage and move towards a clash with compatriot Jim Courier Staturday, a repeat of this year's French Open final which Courier won. Fellow American Pete Sam-

pras, who qualified for the last four despite losing 6-4 6-7 6-1 to Germany's Boris Becker Friday, will meet unbeaten Ivan Lendl in the other semifinal. But the semifinal line-up was in

doubt until the final group match between Agassi and Stich, providing a dramatic ending to the round-robin stage of the yearending championships.

Becker, the three-times Wimbledon champion, still had a chance of reaching the semifinals after an athletic and aggressive performance against Sampras which delighted his home German crowd in the Frankfurt Are-

But he needed his compatriot Stich to beat to keep his hopes alive in the final match.

The Wimhledon champion, who has failed to show his best form this week, was incapable of providing a victory. Agassi made a key break in the

12th game to take the first set 7-5 in 40 minutes. The French Open finalist broke again in the fourth game of the second set to take a 3-1 lead and never looked back. Courier booked his semifinal

place from the other group with a 7-6 6-4 victory over Frenchman Guy Forget. Lendl had gone through Friday

as the group winner after winning all three of his matches. Agassi said he felt he was in a

good position to defend his title but the field was wide open now Cup tie against VFB Stuttgart of that the event was entering the knock-out stage. "I played extremely well. If I 25,000-franc (\$16.250) fine for play as well the rest of the

weekend the others will really have to earn their money," he "But when it is down to four

players everyone has just a good a chance. When there are four people left anything can hap-

The last time three Americans reached the semifinals of the year-ending champiooships, which used to be known as the Masters, was in 1982.

"It is exciting for America," Agassi said. "It's a big step for the U.S. now that three out of the four semifinalists are Americans."

Agassi said the tournament lost great competitor with Becker's elimination but also said the four players who played the best tennis during the week advanced.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY NOVEMBER 17, 1991 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You may find out that others are too wrapped up in their own projec-tions to really seriously consider what you are trying to do for them. Find other ways to capture their

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) You are able to get many things done whether at your home, on the road, with your studies or wherever you have any duties to per-

You are now able to bring your charm to the surface and to show all what a charmer you are and how you are to make everything tick in perfect harmony.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20)

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Matters at your own home require some toning up and some new set tances through which to indicate your ability to use your inventive ability.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) This is that time for you to show you are the one who does wake your usual contacts by giving them more support and listening closely to their ideas.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) A day to be sure you live what you believe by getting everything you organized and arranged so that every detail and item is in its right

VIRGO: (Angust 22 to September 22) Now you have a day and

evening to do what you like the most and to get others to go along with your standpoints instead of merely serving their ideas. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Reflect, meditate and concen-

trate how you can live more in time with the harmony of the Universe. and quietly please those of whom you are fond of. SCORPIO: (October 23 to Novem-

ber 21) Get out with your acqua ances and try to deepen the respect they have for you and to make them closer friends and more a part of your personal ventures. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Look to those who are highly placed or very promin-ent in their sphere of activity that also has to do with you and get

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Look for the new persons and interests that are such your whole acheme of existence can reach a higher plateau of thought and action.

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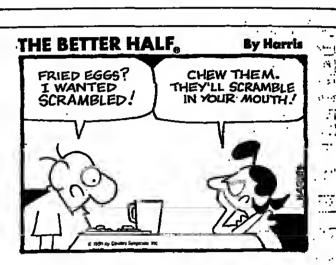
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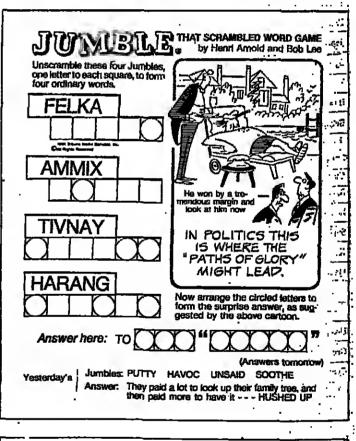
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AOUARIUS: (January 21 to Pebro ary 19) Listen to that instinct hunch that tells you what to do to make better allies of those who like everything to be very menculous and precise in fact.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You are able to have consider able conversation now with your partner which can be productive of excellent result so talk things out





THE Daily Crossword by Al Bocker



9 Nap raiser
10 Pound VIP
11 Motionless
12 Sari wears
12 Kicked in a wa
21 According to —
25 — we forget
26 Upon my —
27 Glactal ridges
26 Russ, saint
29 Lays down
principle
31 — in (swindle)
34 Talcas
34 Gad about
37 — fixe
86 Caged

37 — 1008 38 Caged 40 Spike 42 Ind. state 45 Sunday desk 48 Curved 50 Nasal sounds 51 Key —, FL 52 Homeric work 53 Nama

DOWN
1 Author Waugh
2 Tra —
3 Leave out
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5 Rairred or

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ARTHOD COOR BEERS ECHEAG AGE BEERS COORASOO TREEMS FOR ERICA CRITTED BACK TOOL

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GOREN BRIDGE

The bidding has proceeded:
North East South W.
1 4 1 NT ? What action do you take?

A.—When partner's opening hid has been overcalled with one no trump, a common practice is to double with any hand containing enough strength to suggest that your side has the balance of power.
Therefore, if you compete in a suit
you are showing a weak hard with a
long suit. Bid two hearts.

Q.2—Both vulnerable, as South you hold: 0J9543 ∇AK109 ≎AJ10 **€6** The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1 2 1 NT 2 ♥ Pass

What action do you take? A.—What started out as a near minimum hand has become very powerful. You have no wasted values in species, and any cards partner bolds will mesh well with your hand. Jump to four hearts. Match this hand with the first one and you will see that you are on a finesse for five-odd despite a combined holding of only 18 high-card points.

Q.3-As South, vulnerable, you **\$A83** ♥AK8 ♦A6 **\$K**10952

What do you bid now? A.—When you opened one club, you intended hidding two nn trump over any response by partner. West's overcall and partner's spade bid have altered your course of action. Your high cards are all prime,

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ Q.1-Both vulnerable, as South and the best way to tell partner of hold: your powerful hand and fit is to cue-

> you hold: ♠AK64 ♥K85 ♥Q1053 ♠62 The bidding has proceeded:
> South West North East
> I Pass 1 Pass What do you bid now?

Q.4-Neither vulnerable, as South

A.—It is awfully tempting to bid one spade, but resist seduction. No matter what partner does, you will feel guilty about not having sup-ported hearts, and to do so later would show a stronger hand than you have. Raise to two hearts now, which is clearly justified by your ruffing value in clubs.

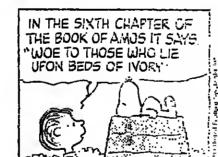
-As South, vulnerable, you eK7 ♥K85 ♦65 eJ109543 Partner opens the bidding with two no trump (22-23 points). What do

you respond?
A.—How do -How do you show alam interest in clubs after partner has opened two no trump? First you bid three clubs, which partner will take as a Stayman inquiry for majors, and then bid four clubs, which can cels the previous message. An im-mediate jump to four clubs would be Gerber, asking for sees.

Q.6—As South, vulnerable, you hold: **≜AJ9653** ♥8 ♦5 **♣AK843** Partner opens the bidding with one diamond. What do you respond?

A.—It is unwise to make a jump shift when you have no idea where you want to play the hand. Start by responding one spade, then bid three clubs et your next turn, unless partner's rebid prevents you from doing so.

Peamints







Andy Capp



Mutt'n' Jeff



Bush allows expanding benefits for jobless washington (AP) — Congress rushed a \$5.3 billion jobless passed the bill on Thursday. efits extension to President Rush Friday and he immediately signed the measure which had

kept him at odds with lawmakers for four months. Final approval came on a vote of 1-2 after the Senate agreed to make the benefits even more rous as early as next week,

ending a blockade that had delayed action on the bill. The action should get checks to some casualties of the recession

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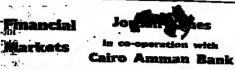
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nj. T

passed the bill on Thursday. The agreement means that 2.8 million Americans could ultimately get up to 20 extra weeks of unemployment beoefits once their standard 26 weeks of cover-

age has run out. It also ends a four-month stalemate between Mr. Busb and lawmakers that saw the president kill two earlier versions of the legisla-

After approving the measure, the Senate adopted a second bill



U.S. Dollar in International	**	
Corrency	New York Close	New York Close
82-1 .	Date 14/11/1991	Date 15/11/1997
Sterling Pound*	1.7765	· 1.7850
Dentsche Mark	1.6299	1.6190
Swiss Franc	1.4465	1.4355
French Franc	5.5720	5.5345
Japanese Yen	129.63	129.35
Buropean Curreny Unit		1.2630
USD Per STG		

Currency	1 MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTHS
U.S. Dollar	4.81	5.00	5.00	5.18
Sterling Pound	10.43	10.43	10.31	10.25
Destsche Mark	8.93	9.25	9.31	9.25
Swiss Franc	7.56	7.87	7.81	7.75
French Franc	9.31	9.31	9.25	9.25
Japanese Yen	6.28	6.18	5.93	5.65
European Currency Unit	9.62	9.37	9.56	9.56

Precions I	Hotals		Date: 15/11/1997		
Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm°	Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm
Gold	359.65	6.90	Silver	4.04	.085
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entral	Bank	of	Jordan	Exchange	Rate	Builetin
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most paint of bolden m	Date	⁸⁷ 15/11/1991
Currency	Bid	Offer
U.S. Dollar	0.6810	0.6830
Sterling Pound	1.2164	1.2225
Deutsche Mark	. 0.4206	0.4227
Swiss Franc	0.4742	.0.4766
French Franc	. 0.1231	0.1237
Japanese Yen* _	0,5266	_ 0.5292
Dutch Guilder	0.3734	0.3753
Swedish Krona	0.1137	0.1143
Italian Lira*	0.0557	0.0560
Belgian Franc	0.02040	0.02057

Other Carrencles	Date	15/11/1 99 1
Currency	Bid	Offer
Behraini Dinar	1.7770	1.7860
Lebanese Lira*	0.0772	0.0778
Saudi Riyal	0.1813	0.1820
Kuwaiti Dinar		
Qatari Riyal	0.18455	0.18520
Egyptian Pound	0.2000	0.2150
Omani Riyal	1.7430	1.7520
UAE Dirham	0.18455	0.18520
Greek Drachma*	0.3670	0.3725
Cypriot Pound	1.4740	1.4820

ladex	6/11/1991 Close	· 13/11/1991. Close
Aff-Skare	124.30	124.49
Benking Sector	104.80	105.06
Insurance Sector	126.03	126.32
Industry Sector	153.91	153.70
Services Sector	132.78	134.84

on a voice vote that would make the benefit package approved moments earlier even better for many states.

Under the new agreement, all states would qualify for either 13 or 20 weeks of extra benefits. The old legislation would have provided just six weeks of benefits for 23 states plus the Virgin Is-

Also under the new agreement, workers in all states would qualify for the extra benefits if they had used up their regular 26 weeks of coverage since March 1. Under the nid legislation, workers in 18 states would get benefits only if they used up their regular coverage after Nov. 17.

The more generous benefits. when enacted, would supersede the nnes in the BII the Senate

The expanded benefits in the second measure would be paid for by shortening the programme so it would expire next June 13. Under the bill sent to Mr. Bush Friday, the benefits would not

have expired until July 4. Mr. Bush had called on the lawmakers to rush him the legislation Friday.

"People are harting out there," Mr. Busb said in a telephone hookup with Fortune 500 execu-

But Democrats were unwilling

to let Mr. Bush nff the hook for his longtime opposition to the 'This economy is sinking into deeper and deeper trouble for two reasons — Ronald Reagan's

economics and George Bush's neglect," said Edward Kennedy.

This week's bipartisan effort to send the measure to the White House masked what was an intensely partisan fight that had raged since July.
Originally a democratic initiative, Mr. Bush argued at first that

the legislation was not oeeded because the economy was re-

But since he first blocked the bill in August, the president has been faced with polls showing swelling discontent with his handling of the economy, and recent government data suggested U.S. economy may be toppling back into a recession.

The Labour Department said Friday that 1.1 utillion people would be eligible for the new benefits immediately. Another 7.7 million people were expected to qualify by July.

Russia takes lead in reforms, moves to control resources

MOSCOW (Agencies) - Russian President Boris Yeltsin has taken the lead in introducingsweeping economic reforms and is challenging Soviet anthority over his republic's vast resources of oil, gold and diamonds.

A batch of presidential decrees outlined Friday will liberalise foreign trade, introduce banking reforms, stimulate free enterprise, lift restrictions on salary increases and introduce a mini-

The measures were accompanied by decisions to suspend Soviet oil export licences and take control over gold and diamond reserves, which are virtually all on Russian territory.

The decrees have not been published, but Mr. Yeltsin and his chief economic adviser Yegor Gaidar gave some details to the Russian parliament and explained why the giant republic was taking over the Soviet Union's main economic levers.

Mr. Yeltsin said Russia, the biggest and richest republic, must grasp the nettle of reform and take responsibility for various measures, including servicing of the Soviet foreign debt.
"We, you and I linked

together, are moving along a narrow path on the brink of an abyss. One leg is loose already. And we must pass this path as soon as possible with the help of radical reforms,"- he said. -

Mr. Gaidar, deputy Russian prime minister, said concrete measures were required to secure the economie sovereignty of Russia, which accounts for more than

90 per cent of Soviet oil production and about 70 per cent of gold production.

"We took a decision to suspend all licences for exporting oil and oil products," he told parliament. International oil markets rose on the news and traders scrambled for details on how shipments from the world's biggest producer would be hit.

But Mr. Gaidar said only that the Soviet beences, for the export nf 150 million tonnes of oil -- or more than a third of Russian production - would be reviewed tn assess the impact nn dwindling domestie supplies.

"If we dn oot stop this process immediately, we will bave no fuel in winter, the economy will come to a standstill," he said.

There is a colossal number of infringements in this sphere. An endless number of licences has been issued without quotas. The evidence has been handed over to the ministry of internal affairs," he said.

Mr. Gaidar also said Russia needed to take control of Soviet resources of precious metals to boost its purchasing power.
"Now we have got this freedom

of manoeuvre, it does not mean we will use it widely," be said. The twn other main Soviet republican gold producers. Uzbekistan and Kazakhstan, have already declared control over

their own production and plan to build their own reserves. 'Russia said it was taking.over Gokhran, the storage facility holding the country's gold re-

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Other republics have laid claim to a share of these reserves, totalling 240 tonnes, but it was not clear if or bow Russia prop-

osed dividing them. The question of sharing resources has been linked to the division of abligations to repay the Soviet Union's foreign debt of \$68 billion, which Russia indicated it would assume by itself.

Mr. Gaidar said the Ukraine refused to accept the principle of joint responsibility for foreign debt servicing.

'We (Russia) respect debt obligations of the Soviet Union and are ready to bear responsibility for them," Mr. Gaidar said. But he added that the republic would not be responsible for future debt assumed without its approval.

Mr. Yeltsin also ordered a cutoff of his republie's fuoding for about 80 ministries and agencies in the central government starting Dec. 1, two weeks later than previously announced. All the moves, expected for

weeks, will force many central ministries to close and others to slash their staffs and budgets by year's end. Their functions will be assumed by Russia and the other republics under the new union treaty tentatively reached Thursday by Michael Gorbachev, Mr. Yeltsin and six other republic leaders.

Among the first to feel the squeeze Friday were the oncepowerful ministries of foreign affairs and foreign trade. They will be merged and half their employees fired, Foreign Minister Boris Pankin told the state news agency TASS.

The staffs of Soviet missions abroad will be cut "rather substantially" and trade missions will be eliminated, Mr. Pankin said.

Together, the trade and foreign ministries currently employ about 4,000 people. The 80 ministries and agencies whose necks are on the chopping block have a total of about 37,000 employees, according to Ivan Silayev, chairman of a new inter-republie economie committee.

Meanwhile, a Soviet parliamentary deputy says the state bank has run out of gold and is bankrupt.

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Wall Street posts dramatic

NEW YORK (R) — U.S blue chip stocks plummeted 120 points Friday in Wall Street's worst oneday loss in two years, and analysts said more bruising sessions may lie ahead.

Computer-driven sell programmes, which automatically tell brokers when to sell, swamped the market late in the day after pessimism about the economy scared buyers out of the market. "We are going to have an ugly

session from the opening bell Monday. This Kind of close on Friday is apt to spook a lot of people," said John Conlon, an analyst at brokerage firm Rothschild Inc.

The Dow Jones industrial average closed at 2,943.20, down 120.31 points or 3.9 per cent. Declining issues outpaced advances 1,481 to 302, with volume active at 236 million shares on the New York Stock Exchange. The average share was off \$1.20.

It was the largest drop since Oct. 13, 1989, when the Dow fell 190.58 points. The biggest fall in history was the 508-point crash on Oct. 19, 1987.

Analysts predicted that brokers would sell off more stock next week, with several saying that the Dow could eventually slip to 2,800. Wall Street's peformance Friday was also expected to disrupt trading in Thkyo, London and other big financial centres.

Over-the counter (OTC) stocks saw their fourth-biggest decline ever, with the high-flying biotechnology sector taking a profittaking blow that rattled investors. "They've been pushing the top

end of the envelope of the OTC (stock) market for months," said Robert Caputo of Swiss Bank Corp investment banking. What we had was a spillover

from the biotechnology market into very heavy profit-taking," he The market was also spooked

by the possible damage to bank earnings from a proposal in the U.S. Congress to limit interest rates charged nn credit cards.

Bank and insurance stocks fell across the board, extending losses made after the Senate voted Wednesday to cap interest rates charged by credit card com-

"Perhaps they will have to be even stricter in terms of credit card issuance and (therefore) there would be even less consumer spending." said a trader.

Panicky myestors seeking safety from the stock sell-off fled to U.S. treasury bills, pushing rates to their lowest levels in 15 years. "There's been very heavy

buying," said William Sullivan. senior vice president at Dean Witter Reynolds Inc. "The flightto-quality is being prompted by

this drop in equities."

The NASDAQ over-thecounter index, which hit three closing highs last week, slid 4.24 per cent or 23.55 points to close at 531.29.

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Soviet ills press IMF to monitor other states less

WASHINGTON (R) — The Ining of about 50 of its member nations to devote more staff time Soviet Union, international monetary sources said Friday.

The plan, which shocked some members of the IMF's board when it was presented to them last week, seemed to confirmfears of some small nations that their concerns might be overshadowed by the international drive to help Moscow.

"In the short term, there is no other choice," said one mnnetary source, who declined to be 'identified." But that doesn't mean anyone is happy about doing it."

The sources said that smaller industrial nations and developing countries whose economies are performing well will be the ones who will suffer from the diminished surveillance.

They said the move is necessary because the fund does not have enough experienced staff to belp the Soviet Union make the transition from communism to capitalism without cutting back on some of its other tasks.

It takes time to hire new economic experts and besides, the fund does not have authorisation from the member countries that pay its bills for a big increase in its staff.

The IMF traditionally likes to ternational Mnoetary Fund carry out annual economic re-(IMF) is planning to cut back views - so-called article four sharply on its economic monitor- consultations - of all its 155 member nations. These reviews involve intensive discussions beand resources to helping the tween the fund and the individual countries about the best economic policies to pursue.

Under the plan, it will carry out annual economic reviews of about two-thirds of its members mainr industrial nations and developing countries whose economies are not performing well and which are borrowing or about to borrow money from the fund in

support of economic reforms.

The other countries will be placed into two groups. One group, primarily smaller industrial nations, will bave their performance reviewed every two years by the IMF board.

Countries in the nther group will also have their performance: reviewed every two years, although board members will bave the option of asking for an annual review if they believe one is necessary.

Minnetary sources said the board plans to review the plan again next year and many hope it will prove temporary.

"If it goes on much longer that, it will begin to affect the fund's ability to manage the world economy," one source said.

Saudi Arabia to launch treasury bills tomorrow

Saudi Arabia will offer treasury bills to the Kingdom's commercial banks for the first time Monday, the Saudi Arabian Monetary

Agency (SAMA) said. SAMA notified banks that weekly issues of 2.7 billion riyals (\$720 million) worth of one, three and six-month bankers security deposit accounts (BSDAs) would: cease from Saturday to make way for the bills.

"Banks are also advised ... that the first offering of the new treasmry bills comprising the four, 13 and 26 week maturities will be made by SAMA on behalf of the ministry of finance and national economy on Monday Nov. 18, 1991," said a copy of the telex message, obtained by Renters Saturday.

The telex said 52-week bills would be offered on Tuesday. There were no details on pricing.

Hospital, Amman Jordan.

MANAMA, Bahraio (R) — SAMA said more instructions would be issued later.

> Bankers say the bills, initially scheduled for a Nov. 1 launch, will help the Saudi government tap domestic liquidity and smooth out short-term cash flow problems caused by the Gulf crisis.

> Unlike the BSDAs, proceeds from the sale of the bills will go directly to the Sandi government, helping finance a 1992 budget deficit which economists estimate at \$16 billion.

> The will also be a fully negotiresold to government agencies, corporate and private investors. SAMA is expected to set the yield on the bills rather than offering them through an open auction system hut bankers say this should still be attractive because it will be comparable to the

return on the BSDAs.

BIRTHDAY WISHES

To His Majesty King Hussein Belated birthday wishes from baby Alex Kenneth Miano who was also born Nov. 14, 1991 at the Italian

COMPUTER SYSTEM FOR SALE-

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Fighting rages across Croatia as ceasefire deadline nears

BELGRADE (R) -- The Yugosfought artillery and mortar bat-ties across rebel Croatia Saturday just hours before a new ceasefire - 13th truce in the Balkan state's

The Serb-led army made sporadic artillery attacks on the outskirts of Dubrovnik, fighting raged in the besieged town of Vnkovar and Croatian radio said federal jets launched air strikes on at least five towns and villages. The army and Croatian offi-

cials conferred in the Croatian capital, Zagreb, to discuss lifting a blockade of federal army bases in the breakaway republic and getting bumanitarian aid to the Vukovar and other besieged

But the fighting dimmed pros-pects that the 13th ceasefire in four and a half months would end a conflict that has killed thousands of people since Croatia declared independence from Yugoslavia. It was due to take effect at 6 p.m. (1700 GMT).

"There is a possibility the ceaslav army and Croatian forces efire might stick, but the omens are not very good," European Community (EC) peace envoy Lord Carrington told British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC) television after returning from a trip to Yugoslavia.

> Lord Carrington won agreement from leaders of Serbia. Croatia and the army this week for the U.N. to send in peacekeeping forces although differences remain over where to deploy them.

United Nations Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar said special envoy Cyrus Vance would start a mission to discuss the deployment of peacekeeping forces, and diplomats in Belgrade said he was expected to arrive

Mr. Vance, a former U.S. secretary of state, will explore deployment of the force in a week-long visit and will be accompanied by Marrack Goulding, the British bead of around Nova Gradiska in the

peacekeeping operations at the United Nations. The U.N. says peacekeepers

can be deployed only if fighting ends first. "As you can see, there are

many ifs," Mr. Perez De Cuellar said after the Security Council met in New York to be briefed on lugoslevia. Battles were fiercest Saturday

in eastern Croatia, particularly in the Danube town of Vnkovar. Croatia says about 14,000 peo-

ple are holding out there against a 12-week siege by the army and The Belgrade-based Yugoslav News Agency, Tanjug, said

federal troops took key positions in the heart of the town Friday. Croatian radio said federal fighter jets fired rockets at four illages near Zupanja close to Croatia's border with the Repub-

lic of Bosnia-Herzegovina.

The eastern town of Osijek and surrounding villages were under artillery attack, as were areas

centre of the breakaway republic. A ferry carrying 3,000 evacuees from Dubrovnik, including EC monitors, docked in the Adriatic port of Pula after a tortuous 36-hour voyage.

The ferry was crammed with women, children, the elderly, sick and wounded escaping a

47-day-old siege of the city.
In Belgrade, Yogoslav Prime
Minister Ante Markovic was fighting for his position after the rump state presidency, comprising Serbia and its allies, said it would oust bim and Foreign Minister Budimir Loncar, both

Serbia has criticised Mr. Markovic's handling of the fighting and the prime minister, a 66-yearold former businessman, has seen power slip from federal anthorities to the republics.

But be is not certain to quit because the EC and the United States do not recognise the rump presidency boycotted by Croatia and three other republics.

Sihanouk urges Cambodians to deal with Khmer Rouge

PHNOM PENH (R) — Cambodians must put aside feelings of revenge over the bloody Khmer Rouge past if they are to have peace in the future, Prince Norodom Sihanouk said in his first five of my children and 14 of my address to his people after returning from a long exile.

"Even if we feel bad in our hearts we have to forget the past," the former king told tens of thousands gathered in front of his royal palace on the Mekong.

Prince Sihanouk said be did not like the Khmer Rouge, who will share in decision-making on the Supreme National Council, which represents Cambodian sovereignty under peace accords signed in Paris on Oct. 23.

the 69-year-old prince, who returned from 13 years in exile Thursday. "The Khmer Rouge killed my relatives. They killed grandchildren."

The prince was allied with the Khmer Rouge in the group's fight against the Lon Nol government in the 1970s. Lor Nol bad deposed then-premier Sihanouk in a 1970 U.S.-engineered coup.

Prince Sihanouk later became head of state when the Khmer Ronge occupied Phnom Penh. but quickly ran afoul of the Maoists and was placed under house arrest.

After the Vietnamese invaded in 1978 to put an end to the

years, which cost a million Cambodians their lives, Prince Sihanouk once again allied himself with the far-left organisation.

Prince Sihanouk has defended his links to the Khmer Rouge, terming them killers but patriots who fought against the imperialism of Vietnam.

"Bad feelings temain in our hearts," he told the entbusiastic crowd Saturday, most of whom had lost relatives to the Khmer Rouge," and there is no cure for

"But we have to reconstruct and if the Khmer Rouge remain rebels and bandits and if we do not... have clemency then we cannot have peace."

in doubt

people."

MEXICO CITY (R) — As the

hours ticked away towards the

start of a unilateral rebel truce in

El Saivador, guerrilla comman-ders spoke Friday of handing

over the country's destiny to "the

But many Salvadoreans, har-

dened by 12 years of bloodshed in

one of Latin America's bloodiest

conflicts, remain to be convinced

that peace is around the corner.

put behind them more and more

their scenticism and start seeking

to work too so that peace is possible by Dec. 15," Roberto

Canas, a rebel spokesman at Un-

ited Nations-sponsored peace

talks in Mexico City, told repor-

the government's and ours,"

"The peace process is not just

rebel field commander flown to

the talks from the battlefield said

in a separate interview," It is the

rebel units began manoeuvring so

as to be in a position to observe

the trace on a defensive footing

from midnight (0600 GMT Satur-

Bot amid uncertainty about ex-

actly how the U.S.-backed gov-

Friday afternoon marching on the

ouel Baltazar Lopez meanwhile

told Renters: "We cannot believe

in guerrilla truces because they

have not honoured them before

and they use them as a tactical

The unilateral ceasefire, in

which the Farabundo Marti National Liberation Front

(FMLN) said it would suspend

offensive actions, urban attacks

and economic sabotage, was

hailed by the United Nations and

the United States as a positive

step towards ending the war, which has claimed some 75,000

But Salvadoreans interviewed

at random, in San Salvador re-mained at best sceptical, confirm-

ing an opinion poll published just

before the current round of talks

in which 90 per cent of those

asked said they did not believe an

immediate peace would flow

from the 19-month-old negotia-

Mr. Canas said that on Friday

The Salvaoorean people will

Blast kills 2 IRA suspects Salvador mear U.K. military band peace may be

apparently killed themselves in a found np to 100 metres away, bungled blast aimed at a British making identification difficult. military band in the market town

A bomb explosion late Friday ripped through an empty bank building near a concert hall where moving it closer to the concert the band was performing. Police blamed the outlawed

Irish Republican Army (IRA) and said the two victims may bave blown themselves up in an attack that went wrong.

The blast rocked St Albans

sonth England market town, where more than 300 people were attending a charity concert by the army band targeted by the IRA in the past.

The head of Scotland Yard's anti-terrorist branch, George Churchill-Coleman, said all indications pointed to the IRA, which is battling to oust Britain from Northern Ireland.

ST ALBANS, England (R) — woman, who took the brunt of Two suspected IRA bombers the explosion. Bits of body were Churchill-Coleman said it was

scored an "own goal" when the device went off as they were hall. He did not rule out the possibility the two might bave been innecent bystanders.

"It is very likely that the two people who were deceased were pandling, tampering or in some The blast rocked St Albans ways looking at the device when Civic Centre, in the beart of the it exploded," local police chief David Cansdale told a news conference.

Britain Saturday put almost Blues and Royals Regiment, an 2,000 extra troops onto the streets of Northern Ireland in a bid to stem a wave of sectarian bloodshed.

Seven people have died this week in a vicious "fit-for-tat" war between Protestant loyalists and Catholic Republican gunmen.

The IRA bas in the past re-Police discovered two bodies, sorted to attacks on the British helieved to be a man and a mainland for propaganda value.

Kenyan police disperse crowds at banned rally site

NAIROBI (R) — Riot police they tried to approach the Kamuused tear gas and batons Saturday kunji area. to disperse crowds milling around the site of a banned prodemocracy rally in the Kenyan capital Nairobi.

Five opposition leaders tried to reach the Kamukunji sports ground to address the meeting but were arrested near the site before speaking, police said.

The government of President Daniel Arap Moi had banned the rally in advance, describing the organisers as anarchists.
Hundreds of young men wav-

ing tree branches - a sign of peace in Kenya — and shouting slogans against the government milled around the narrow streets near Kamukunji throughout the

They taunted security forces whenever they saw them. Security forces responded with tear gas and batons.

"We want democracy," shouted one young man, running to escape as a group of riot police

advanced slowly along the street. Helicopters circled overhead and the area around Kamukunji, a poor residential area in the

east of the city, was tense.

A group of U.S. and German diplomats tried to go to the site to observe the meeting, but were

Several foreign and local journalists were briefly detained as kunji area.

The situation is completely under control," said Police Com-missioner Philip Kilonzo.

The banned rally, the latest attempt by government critics to push Mr. Arap Moi into political reform in the one-part East African state, was organised by an outlawed opposition group, the Forum for the Restoration of Democracy (FORD).

Opposition spokesmen had urged supporters to turn up despite stern warnings from the government and the arrest of at least seven opposition leaders in a pre-raily crackdown early Friday. The United States, Germany,

Sweden and Britain have all protested against the arrests by Mr. Arap Moi, who has been in office since 1978 and who says the former British colony is not ready for multi-party politics.

The opposition leaders arrested Saturday were Law Society of Kenya Chairman Paul Mnite, FORD member and former parliamentarian Martin Shikuku, FORD members Masinde Muliro and Philip Gachoka, and lawyer James Orengo.

Police, describing those arrested as anarchists, said they were detained as they approached Kamukunji in a con-

pour into capital as peace force deploys

Thousands of Liberians poured into the capital from the countryside Saturday as a West African peecekeeping force began taking control of territory held by rebel leader Charles Taylor.

diers from seven West African nations left Monrovia Friday. They drove past Liberians, coming from areas beld by Mr. Taylot, banners saying "the fighting is ended," "war is over" and "give peace a chance."

Under an agreement signed by all factions in the 20-months civil war, all Liberian fighters are to be disarmed within two months. More than 13,000 people are believed to have died in the war, and hundreds of thousands fled to neighbouring countries. Maj.-Gen. Ishaya Bakut, the

peacekeeper's Nigerian commander, told a news conference Friday the disarmament and encampment of warring factions "is a reconciliatory exercise that must be characterised by total commitment of all Liberians to rid their beloved country of all types of arms and ammunition."

Senegalese Foreign Minister Diibo Ka told reporters the troops hoped things would go peacefully but had orders to use force if needed.

Senegalese troops were among the first of the heavily armed soldiers to leave the capital.

seven countries ended the battle for Monrovia with devastating bombings raids a year ago.

Their convoys beaded northwest to the Sierra Leone border, east toward the country's main Robertsneld International Airport and northeast toward Gbarnga, the central town that Taylor bas made his capital.

Liberians

MONROVIA, Liberia (AP) -

Dozens of trucks carrying sol-

West African troops from

edges toward European union

Britain

LONDON (AP) - Britain appears closer to signing momentous treaties on European political and economic union next month after grudgingly making its first significant concessions. But for the 12-nation European

Community's most recalcitrant member, the issue of greater European Union remains embroiled in furious debate. Prime Minister John Major is

manoeuvring between his divided Conservative Party at home and his continental allies who went to extend European powers over issues ranging from foreign policy to working hours.

"No one should assume that, simply for the sake of agreement, we could accept some of the propositions now before us. V/e could not," Mr. Major said last Tuesday, rejecting the latest draft treaty on political union by the Community's Dutch presidency. Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd accused the community of trying to involve itself "in the nooks and crannies of everyday

The draft is the focus of can accelerated round of negotiations among Community officials before a crucial summit in the Dutch town of Maastricht on Dec. 9-10.

At Maastricht, the leaders are supposed to sign the new treaties, which officials have been nego-

tiating for the past year.

Despite Mr. Major's warnings that huge problems remain and his fundamental objection to the word "federal" in the draft treaty, the British leader has signaled conditional acceptance of a single European currency.

In another move in the final weeks of intense bargaining, Mr. Hurd conceded for the first time last week the principle of extending the powers of the 512member European Parliament. But the British concession was

limited to giving the parliament based in Strasbourg, France, powers over laws needed to complete the Community's barrierfree market. It fell far short of German-led

demands for the powers to be extended to major issues such -industry, energy and a Europewide transport and communicaioas betwork.

Similarly, the British accept-ance of a single currency, providing it can have an "opt-out" clause stipulating special endorre-ment by the ? sh partiament. is causing resent. * among the Italians and Germans. British officials say that with-

out the opt-out clause on the currency and without removal of the word "federal," which Britain sees as an erosion of sovereignty. major will velo treaties. But nobody wants in be spoiler

- including the prime minister whose predecessor. Margaret Thatcher, was ousted just one Mr. Major, who came to power .

declaring he wanted to put Britain "at the beart of Europe." is negotiating individually with the leaders of the other top three countries in the community, Germany, France and Italy.

Top MP urges Jakarta to review rule in Timor

must reevaluate its rule in East 1976.
Timor after the army opened fire Wi on mourners there this week, a leading parliamentarian said Saturday

There needs to be an evaluation of the whole policy of nur approach in East Timor," Marzuhi Darusman, a member of the ruling Golkar Party and one of the country's few outspoken members of oarliament, told Reuters. East Timor's Bishop Ximenes Carlos Belo has said he had re-

ports that up to 180 people were killed in the shooting last Tues-dey. The official death toll is 19 with 91 wounded.

years to integrate the unwilling former Portuguese colony into its diverse archipolago, has promised to send a team to investigate the shooting. It will be headed by the deputy

chief of strategic intelligence. Major General Arie Sudewo. laitanta must set up an independent commission "to signal a supply message to the interna-

aonal community of the seriousgess of the government about clarifying what happened." Wir. Marzuki sald. Indonesians independent of gov-

emment. Diplomats say the shootings bave turned the tide against Indones a publish was gradually gainthe acceptance for its rule over East Timor, still not recognised

by the United Nations.

JAKARTA (R) - Indonesia vince of 750,000 people since

Without an independent study that satisfies the world community soon, Indonesia can expect international problems, Mr. Mar-

zuki said. Witnesses dispute the army version of Tuesday's incident that it was a misunderstanding of orders and that troops bad been provoked into firing at the crowd of 3,500 which was mourning the death in riots two weeks earlier of an independence sympathiser.

"Ir was a case of a planned and systematic massacre... this was a very disciplined operation. This was not a situation where you bad some bothead who ran amok," Indonesia, struggling for 16 said U.S. journalist Allan Nairn who bad been in the crowd.

Foreign Minister Ali Alatas, who returned to Indonesia Friday night, called foreign media reports of the incident exaggerated but admitted it was bound to affect his country.

Mr. Marzuki said that Indonesia's rapid development of East Timor after three centuries of neglect by Portuguese colonialists had been too fast while other aspects of life had been left be-

The people bave no sense of He suggested it be made up of identity with the government ex-adon-stars independent of gov-Mario Viegas) Carrascalao. He was the sole hope of the people," Mr. Marzuki said.

Mr. Carrascalao, himself Timorese, has blamed the army for what bappened, saying it has undermined his credibility to rule Jakarta has controlled the pro- and charged the military with dominantly Roman Catholic pro- backing pro-Jakarta extremists.

Baker, Chinese leaders mest, no compromise seen

PETING (R) - U.S. Secretary sanctions to force change. of State Janoes Baker met senior Sino-American relations. Official Chinese accounts of his trade surplus.

meetings with Chinese Premier Li-Pang. President Yang Shangkun concessions soon, there is a real and Communist Party General prospect that relations will sour Secretary Jiang Zemin did not even further. offer a glimmer of hope that any concrete agreements had been On the contrary, they rein-

forced the impression that a grim-Speed Mr. Baker had given ing on June 4, 1989. Erroughout the day that relations The Chinese army crackdown Erroughout the day that relations danner misis. Adding to the semis of defeat.

officials travelling with Baker told reporters the secretary of state did not plan a news conference as expected Saturday night. "Some problems can be solved through discussion, while others a fresh start.

apply several rounds of discus-

sion," the official New China items Agency (NCNA) quoted Prasident Yang as telling Mr. "Those which can not be solved for the time bring can be shelved. We call this 'sacking'

common ground while reserving differences." This was not the message Mr. Faher had been coping to hear.
His will was designed to stave
oil dominate from Congress that
the Burth administration take a congres stand with Caine's bardfine Communist leaders, hitting

them where it heres with trade

Mr. Baker had been seeking Chinase leaders Saturday but visible progress on a range of there was no sign of the oreek- issues, including Peking's policies through he is looking for to solve on buman rights, nuclear arms problems that threaten the future proliferation, and its use of prison about to boost its already surging

Uniess China makes significant

Mr. Baker is the most senior U.S. official to visit China siace troops killed bundreds, perhaps theosands, of unarmed prodemocracy demonstrators in Pek-

are teetering on the edge of a on student protests around the capital's liabanmen Squar plunged Sino-U.S. relations to their lowest point since diplomatic ties were established in 1979. Mr. Baker made clear to Chinese leaders that his visit was

a make-or-break opportunity for Reporting on Mr. Baker's meeting with Mr. Lee, the NCNA said: "Baker said his trip is of critical significance for future

U.S.-China relations." Mr. Baker stressed in his talks with Mr. Yang that "his current visit must not end in failure," the

news agency said. Mr. Yang, using vague diplomatic language that appeared to play down any urgency of the problems, was quoted as saving that "there are some twists and lures in the Sino-U.S. relationship and now the time bas come to end the twists and TUETIS.

Michaei Jackson cancels sexy part of new video

LOS ANGELES (R) — Shocked by a public outcry over his new video, Black Or White, superstar Michael Jackson Friday cancelled sually rubbing his pelvis and m. zipping his fiv. A spelvary a segment that shows him senzipping his fly. A spokeswoman said Jackson also ordered a sequence showing the entertainer being transformed from a panther and smashing up cars to be cut from the video. The deletions Hafez Al follow mass protests against the video, broadcast in 27 countries Thursday, by fans and parents who were shocked and dismayed by what they viewed as depravity and violence in the 11-minute film. Jackson was equally shock. ed at the adverse reaction and called for the cuts within bours learning that instead of turning people on, it had turned them off, In a tatement released by his publicists, Solters, Roskin, Friedman in Los Angeles, the 33-year. old Jackson said, "it upsets me to think that Black Or White could influence any child or adult to destructive behaviour, either sexual or violent." Spokeswoman Maureen O'Connor at Solters, Roskin, Friedman said, "Michael is a little naive. If he erred it was or the side of naivete.'

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Chevenne Brando held in France

ORLEANS, France (R) -Cheyenne Brando, the daughter of Hollywood legend Marion Brando, was arrested in France on charges of complicity in the killing of ber lover last year, instice sources said. They said she could flown at the will our. weekend to in French Pacific Ocean island of Tahiti. A judge it m meet there has reopened investigations into the killing for which her half-brother, Christian Brando, was jailed for 10 years in Los Angeles last February, Marlon Brando was with his 21-year-old daughter when police arrested her at 8 a.m. (0700 GMT)

Transport minister loses his wheels

TEL AVIV (R) - Israeli Transport Minister Moshe Katzav has lost his car. Yedioth Ahronoth newspaper reported that Katzav, ken by noises during the night Wednesday, reached his bedroom window just in time to see thieves speed away in his white

Body in car stuns stereo thieves

JOHANNESBURG (R) South African thieves stole a luxury car for its stereo and found a body in the boot. Now police are hunting arms smugglers who they suspect killed British-bom businessman Alan Kidger and dumped his dismembered corpse in the luxury BMW car. Police sources said Kidger, a South African resident who heads a chemical company, could have been tortured to death in connection with an illegal trade in red mercury, which is used in nuclear and missile technology. His arms, legs, buttocks and head had been sawn off and the body was covered in a black substance permeated by mercury. Police have dropped marder charges against two men arrested last Saturday after they grabbed the parked car in Johannesburg and drove it to Soweto . township to remove its sound system. The men panicked and ran when they opened the boot to reach the loudspeakers.

Would-be gigolo faces heavy fine for obscenity ISTANBUL (R) — Would be

but unsatisfied women." But it wasn't quite the response he ex-pected. His "male to let" advertisement in the daily newspaper Ses came to attention of the public prosecutor. Although prostitution is legal in Turkey, Cura and both the owner and the editor of the newspaper now face, charges under a 1927 obsceptive law, which sets heavy fines ar offending public morals. Cons. a 28-year-old worker from the Asgean town of Aydin, told newspapers he decided to become a gigolo because he did not have enough money to keep his will and child. "I have brown spectark hair, fair complexion." is advertisement told prospective clients. "I'm at the service of cich. month it would start building the temple by the end of November. but unsatisfied women, married or divorced, six days a week.

4 killed as Indians vote in by-elections

NEW DELHI (R) - Four peopie were killed as by-elections began in India Saturday in a first dhi's Congress Party scraped to power in June with a parliamentary minority.

ernment of President Alfredo Cristiani would respond to the guerrilla truce, journalists saw Two people were killed and nundreds of government troops four injured when rival political party workers fired on each other traditional guerrilla stronghold of for control of a polling station in Guazapa Volcano, just 30 kilometres north of San Salvador. the Vaishali constituency of the eastern state of Bihar, police said Armed forces spokesman Colin the state capital Patna.

Police fired on a mob that was attempting to wrest control of another polling station in the Biher district of Patchpur, killing one person. A man was blown up while making a bomb elsewhere in the state, police said. Authorities in Bihar have

anybody attempting to take over a polling station. Election security has been beefed up in Bihar and neighbonning Uttar Pradesh, two states chronically beset by caste and religious strife and often troubled by polling fraud and violence.
The largely peaceful campaign

where Prime Minister Narasimha Rao is seeking a seat - as four people, including state assembly candidate, were killed in a bomb explosion. Mr. Rao, who was thrust into parliament, where Congress rules

office in June after Mr. Gandhi

ended in violence Friday in the

southern district of Nandyal -

was assassinated, must win if he is to retain his job. According to Indian law, uncleated ministers trial of strength since Rajiv Gan- must win a parliamentary sast within six months of taking office or lose their jobs.

Mr. Rao, on impustive 70-year-

old veteran of Congress backrooms, is expected to do so easily. His defence minister, Short 1 Pawar, is also tipped to win in his home state of Maharashira. The by-elections in 15 parliamentary constituencies and 56 state assembly seals will give some hint of how voters view Air.

Rao's drastic moves to enform India's debt-laden recommy. Mr. Rao has slashed government spending and red tape and welcomed foreign investors in a reversal of the ideal of socialist issued orders to police to shoot self-sufficiency adopted at independence from Entain in 1947. But with two major opposition

parties battling for prestige gains.

no one - including Congress -

expects the government to sweep the polls on a platform of econcmic austenty measures. Congress is expected to ta's

the Amethi constituency in Uttar Pradesh, which Mr. Gandhi won handsomely on May 20, the day before he was blown up by woman suicide bomber. But there is no way the poils can give Mr. Rao quite as many

seats as be needs for a majority in

tion and about a score of suppor-ters among small porties and in-

elections are being held in Uttar Pradesh, largely because Hindu-Muslim visience during the general election forced the cancellation of many contests there. More than 300 people were silied in that election, India's nodiest siece independence.

The Hindu nationalist Bharaliya Janata Party (BJP) swept to power in Uttar Pracesh - India's mos: populous state, which has with the help of a divided opposi- try's prime ministers - on the



About a third of the by-

back of a Hindu militant campaign to claim the site of a mosque in the state's holy town of Avedhya.

The dispute has helped to bring

down two governments and sparked Hindu-Muslim riots over

the past two years in which 2,000 people have been killed. By-election results will be announced late Sunday, the Election Commission said. Meanwhile, India's Supreme

Court bas ordered a state government not to build a new temple on the site of an old mosque. The Supreme Court said in a ruling Friday the status quo of the shrine should be maintained until the high court in the northern state of Uttar Pradesh decides to which religion the shrine belongs.

The BJP government in Uttar Pradesh recently acquired land around the 450-year-old mosque in the ancient boly town of Ayodhya. Hindu militants claim the site as the birthplace of their god-king Lord Rama. The land acquisition was wide ly viewed as a move by the BJP

government to begin keeping its

promise to voters in a general election earlier this year to build a grand temple to Lord Rama where the mosque now stands. A BJP ally, the Vishwa Hindu Parishad (VHP) or World Hindu Organisation, announced last month it would start building the

a rapid response when he announced in his local newspaper that he was "at the service of rich

Turkish Gigolo Cemil Cura drew

